

Subject-specific Examination Regulations for International Business Administration (Fachspezifische Prüfungsordnung)

The subject-specific examination regulations for International Business Administration are defined by this program handbook and are valid only in combination with the General Examination Regulations for Undergraduate degree programs (General Examination Regulations = Rahmenprüfungsordnung). This handbook also contains the program-specific Study and Examination Plan (Chapter 6).

Upon graduation, students in this program will receive a Bachelor of Arts (BA) degree with a scope of 180 ECTS (for specifics see Chapter 4 of this handbook).

Version	Valid as of	Decision	Details		
Fall 2023 – V1.1	Sep 01, 2023	Aug 16, 2023	Editorial changes assessment types in ILO matrix by PSD		
		Aug 09, 2023	Substantial change on additional study mode approved by the Academic Senate		
		Aug 02, 2023	Editorial changes in all study schemes		
		Jul 04, 2023	Major Change – introduction of a new module		
		Jun 28, 2023	Major change assessment types Marketing module by PSD		
		May 26, 2023	Editorial changes in all handbooks by Program Support and Development (PSD)		
Fall 2023 – V1		Apr 26, 2023	Substantial change approved by the Academic Senate		
		Jun 26, 2019	Originally approved by Academic Senate		

Contents

1	Pro	gram O	verview	. 6
	1.1	Conce	pt	. 6
	1.1	.1 Tł	ne Constructor University Educational Concept	. 6
	1.1	.2 Pr	rogram Concept	. 6
	1.2 Const	Specif ructor	fic Advantages of the International Business Administration Program a University	t . 7
	1.3	Progra	m-specific Educational Aims	. 8
	1.3	.1 Q	ualification Aims	. 8
	1.3	.2 In	tended Learning Outcomes	. 8
	1.4	Career	r Options and Support	. 9
	1.5	Admis	sion Requirements	. 9
	1.6	More i	information and contacts	10
2	The	Curric	ular Structure	11
	2.1	Gener	al	11
	2.2	The Co	onstructor University 4C Model	11
	2.2	.1 Ye	ear 1 – CHOICE	12
	2.2	.2 Ye	ear 2 – CORE	13
	2.2	.3 Ye	ear 3 – CAREER	14
	2.3	The C	ONSTRUCTOR Track	16
	2.3	.1 M	ethods Modules	16
	2.3	.2 N	ew Skills Modules	16
	2.3	.3 Ge	erman Language and Humanities Modules	17
3	Inte	rnatior	nal Business Administration as a Minor in Entrepreneurship, Innovatio	n
an		nageme	ent	18
	3.1	Qualif		18
	3.1	I In	Itended Learning Outcomes	18
	3.2	Modul	le Requirements	18
	3.3	Degree	e	19
4	Inte	rnation	nal Business Administration Undergraduate Program Regulations	19
	4.1	Scope	of these Regulations	19
	4.2	Degree	e	19
_	4.3	Gradu	ation Requirements	19
5	Sch	ematic	Study Plan for International Business Administration	20
6	Stu	dy and	Examination Plan	21
7	Inte	rnatior	nal Business Administration Modules	23
	7.1	Introd	uction to International Business	23

Introduction to Finance and Accounting	26
Microeconomics	28
Macroeconomics	30
Applied Project Management	32
Entrepreneurial Challenges and Creative Solutions	34
International Strategic Management	35
Digital Transformation and Information Economy	37
Design Thinking, E-Business & E-Service	39
Entrepreneurship and Innovation	41
Marketing	43
Organization and Human Resource Management	45
Lean Management	47
Managerial Accounting	49
Contemporary Topics in Marketing	51
Advanced Econometrics	53
Managing Public and Nonprofit Organizations	55
Information Economics	57
Financial Data Analytics	59
Internship / Startup and Career Skills	61
Bachelor Thesis and Seminar	64
NSTRUCTOR Track Modules	66
Methods Modules	66
.1 Applied Calculus	66
.2 Applied Statistics with R	68
.3 Applied Statistics with SPSS	70
.4 Qualitative Research Methods	72
.5 Econometrics	74
.6 Data Collection and Empirical Research Methodologies	76
New Skills	78
.1 Logic (perspective I)	78
.2 Logic (perspective II)	80
.3 Causation and Correlation (perspective I)	82
.4 Causation and Correlation (perspective II)	84
.5 Linear Model and Matrices	86
.6 Complex Problem Solving	88
.7 Argumentation, Data Visualization and Communication (perspective I).	90
.8 Argumentation, Data Visualization and Communication (perspective II)	92
	Introduction to Finance and Accounting. Microeconomics Macroeconomics Applied Project Management Entrepreneurial Challenges and Creative Solutions International Strategic Management Digital Transformation and Information Economy Design Thinking, E-Business & E-Service Entrepreneurship and Innovation Marketing. Organization and Human Resource Management. Lean Management Managerial Accounting Contemporary Topics in Marketing. Advanced Econometrics Managing Public and Nonprofit Organizations Information Economics Financial Data Analytics Internship / Startup and Career Skills Bachelor Thesis and Seminar. NSTRUCTOR Track Modules Methods Modules 1 Applied Statistics with R 3 Applied Statistics with SPSS 4 Qualitative Research Methods 5 Econometrics 6 Data Collection and Empirical Research Methodologies 1 Logic (perspective I) 2 Logic (perspective I) 3 Collection and Correlation (perspective I)

	8.2.9	Agency, Leadership, and Accountability	. 94
	8.2.10	Community Impact Project	. 96
	8.3 Lar	nguage and Humanities Modules	. 98
	8.3.1	Languages	. 98
	8.3.2	Humanities	. 98
9	Append	lix	104
	9.1 Inte	ended Learning Outcomes Assessment-Matrix	104

1 Program Overview

1.1 Concept

1.1.1 The Constructor University Educational Concept

Constructor University aims to educate students for both an academic and a professional career by emphasizing three core objectives: academic excellence, personal development, and employability to succeed in the working world. Constructor University offers an excellent research driven education experience across disciplines to prepare students for graduate education as well as career success by combining disciplinary depth and interdisciplinary breadth with supplemental skills education and extra-curricular elements. Through a multidisciplinary, holistic approach and exposure to cutting-edge technologies and challenges, Constructor University develops and enables the academic excellence, intellectual competences, societal engagement, professional and scientific skills of tomorrows leaders for a sustainable and peaceful future.

In this context, it is Constructor University's aim to educate talented young people from all over the world, regardless of nationality, religion, and material circumstances, to become citizens of the world who are able to take responsible roles for the democratic, peaceful, and sustainable development of the societies in which they live. This is achieved through a high-quality teaching as well as manageable study loads and supportive study conditions. Study programs and related study abroad programs convey academic knowledge as well as the ability to interact positively with other individuals and groups in culturally diverse environments. The ability to succeed in the working world is a core objective for all study programs at Constructor University, both in terms of actual disciplinary subject matter and also to the social skills and intercultural competence. Study-program-specific modules and additional specializations provide the necessary depth, interdisciplinary offerings and the minor option provide breadth while the university-wide general foundation and methods modules, optional German language and Humanities modules, and an extended internship period strengthen the employability of students. The concept of living and learning together on an international campus with many cultural and social activities supplements students' education. In addition, Constructor University offers professional advising and counseling.

Constructor University's educational concept is highly regarded both nationally and internationally. While the university has consistently achieved top marks over the last decade in Germany's most comprehensive and detailed university ranking by the Center for Higher Education (CHE), it has also been listed by the renowned Times Higher Education (THE) magazine as one of the top 300 universities worldwide (ranking group 251-300) in 2019 as well as in 2021. Since 2022 Constructor University is considered to be among the top 30 percent out of more than 1600 universities worldwide and is ranked the most international university in Germany. The THE ranking is considered as one of the most widely observed university rankings. It is based on five major indicators: research, teaching, research impact, international orientation, and the volume of research income from industry.

1.1.2 Program Concept

The International Business Administration Program's mission is to prepare students for their professional occupations in internationally active organizations ranging from small, innovative start-ups to large multinational enterprises. Business are active agents of change, using cross-border transactions, such as trade and investments, to shape the future of our globalized world. To succeed in this environment, managers need to understand the nature of international business activities in order to handle the challenges of international companies. The International Business Administration program, is designed for young scholars from all over the

world who share an interest in business activities, management, or entrepreneurship in an international context.

The program covers all essential areas of international business and management, combining theoretical knowledge, practical application, and scientific methods. Half of the modules in the first year focus on the foundations of international business administration, such as management concepts and theories of internationalization of firms, as well as the principles of finance and accounting. The other half of the first year modules introduce micro- and macroeconomic theories. The combination of business administration and economics in their first study year allows students to understand the interactions between the activities of individual firms and their economic environment. In the second year, the modules in the International Business Administration Program are designed to allow students to develop their own academic profile. The core topics of international business administration are conveyed through combinations of different perspectives, such as digitalization and global e-commerce, entrepreneurship and innovation, strategic management, project management, marketing, and organizational and human resource management. The combination of at least four of these perspectives shapes the individual student's profile while simultaneously ensuring a multifaceted understanding of international business administration. The final year of the International Business Administration Program allows students to sharpen their profiles by letting them choose three specialization modules each of which places more emphasizes on the perspectives offered in the second year of studies.

To expose students to international business administration theories, to their application and to the latest scientific methods in this field, the program applies a combination of lectures, seminars, and case studies and fosters an informed, comparative, and critical understanding of common business practices, problems, and values in an international, diverse context.

The international and diverse student body at Constructor University helps students to experience, understand and manage the complex and changing environmental forces that impact international business, and to learn how managers and companies can effectively adapt to these forces.

1.2 Specific Advantages of the International Business Administration Program at Constructor University

For the 2023/24 academic year, the program is offering two study modes: in-person and online. Students who opt for online study mode in Fall 2023 will have the opportunity to continue their studies online in the second and third years. The online mode involves participation in online modules that feature predominantly lectures and exercises, supplemented by tutorials.

Right from the start, the International Business Administration Program (IBA) exposes students to the challenges of international business. Challenging case studies of real companies require students to develop creative solutions in intercultural teams. Working in small teams to tackle these challenges is an integral part of the study program. With its diverse and international student body, Constructor University provides an ideal environment in which to study International Business Administration. Already in the classroom students are exposed to transnational and culturally diverse teams and topics from a variety of industries. This intense exposure to real challenges of international companies combined with highly international and diverse student teams is a unique advantage of the International Business Administration Program at Constructor University. Graduates will be prepared to take on managerial responsibilities in international companies as well as to join and undertake internationally prestigious master's programs in International Business or Management.

Constructor University students can choose to specialize in International Business Administration or to combine their IBA studies with a minor from another discipline at Constructor University, such as Industrial Engineering and Management, International Relations and Political History, , Integrated Social and Cognitive Psychology, Earth and Environmental Sciences, or Computer Science. Each of these minor combinations allows students to develop a specific and unique profile. A minor in Industrial Engineering and Management or Psychology emphasizes the knowledge of sourcing and production processes and the behavior of employees and consumers. Online students can only take the minor in Data Science and Industrial Engineering and Management (IEM).

1.3 Program-specific Educational Aims

1.3.1 Qualification Aims

The IBA study program awards a Bachelor of Arts degree. This program examines the key questions of international companies and seeks to explain how these companies operate and coordinate their activities in a globalized world. The scientific education provided by the program focuses on qualitative and quantitative techniques and coursework.

1.3.2 Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of the program, students will be able to:

- 1. critically discuss and apply modern theories of business and economics;
- explain the organizational behavior of Multinational Enterprises (MNE), Small and Medium Sized Enterprises (SME) and other organizations in diverse cultural and economic environments;
- 3. discuss how the political, economic, social, and technological environment affects business functions in a globalized world;
- 4. apply principles of international strategy to evaluate and solve challenges of transnational business activities;
- 5. apply the principles of marketing, organization and human resource management to evaluate and solve challenges of cross-cultural stakeholders inside and outside a company;
- 6. Utilize the principles of finance and accounting to describe and evaluate the financial performance of companies;
- 7. advance creative solutions for real international business situations using management knowledge and creative techniques such as design thinking;
- 8. defend these solutions in discussions with specialists and non-specialists;
- 9. utilize entrepreneurial thinking in a variety of situations such as the development of business models and startups;
- 10. consider the social responsibility and ethical behavior of individuals, organizations and governments;
- 11. use advanced statistical software and methods in research and business;
- 12. work as effective members of a team and manage projects effectively;
- 13. structure and communicate complex issues;
- 14. communicate professionally with a consideration of the content and audience;
- 15. engage ethically with academic, professional, and wider communities and actively contribute to a sustainable future, reflecting and respecting different views;

- 16.take responsibility for their own learning, personal and professional development, and role in society, evaluating critical feedback and performing self-analysis;
- 17. apply their knowledge and understanding to a professional context;
- 18. take on responsibility in a diverse team;
- 19. adhere to and defend ethical, scientific, and professional standards.

1.4 Career Options and Support

With its clear focus on the management of firms in international business activities, students acquire solid labor-market qualifications for careers in a broad range of businesses, especially international and internationalizing firms. In the last years, our graduates have obtained internships and positions in a variety of leading companies, including Bosch, Deloitte, and KPMG.

The IBA program has taken our graduates onto a rich diversity of career paths. The academic rigor of the program prepares students for highly ranked graduate programs, such as IE Madrid or University of Amsterdam.

Due to their experience working and living with students from more than 100 countries on Constructor University's international campus, IBA graduates are well prepared to take on responsibility in intercultural work environments.

The Career Service Center (CSC) helps students in their career development. It provides students with high-quality training and coaching in CV creation, cover letter formulation, interview preparation, effective presenting, business etiquette, and employer research as well as in many other aspects, thus helping students identify and follow up on rewarding careers after graduating from Constructor University. Furthermore, the Alumni Office helps students establish a long-lasting and worldwide network which provides support when exploring job options in academia, industry, and elsewhere.

1.5 Admission Requirements

Admission to Constructor University is selective and based on a candidate's school and/or university achievements, recommendations, self-presentation, and performance on standardized tests. Students admitted to Constructor University demonstrate exceptional academic achievements, intellectual creativity, and the desire and motivation to make a difference in the world.

The following documents need to be submitted with the application:

- Recommendation Letter (optional)
- Official or certified copies of high school/university transcripts
- Educational History Form
- Standardized test results (SAT/ACT) if applicable
- Motivation statement
- ZeeMee electronic resume (optional)
- Language proficiency test results (TOEFL Score: 90, IELTS: Level 6.5 or equivalent)

Formal admission requirements are subject to higher education law and are outlined in the Admission and Enrollment Policy of Constructor University.

For more detailed information about the admission visit: <u>https://constructor.university/admission-aid/application-information-undergraduate</u>

1.6 More information and contacts

For more information on the study program please contact the Study Program Coordinator:

Prof. Dr. Tilo Halaszovich Professor of Global Markets & Firms Email: <u>thalaszovich@constructor.university</u>

or visit our program website: <u>https://constructor.university/programs/undergraduate-education/international-business-administration</u>

For more information on Student Services please visit:

https://constructor.university/student-life/student-services

2 The Curricular Structure

2.1 General

The curricular structure provides multiple elements for enhancing employability, interdisciplinarity, and internationality. The unique CONSTRUCTOR Track, offered across all undergraduate study programs, provides comprehensive tailor-made modules designed to achieve and foster career competency. Additionally, a mandatory internship of at least two months after the second year of study and the possibility to study abroad for one semester give students the opportunity to gain insight into the professional world, apply their intercultural competences and reflect on their roles and ambitions for employment and in a globalized society.

All undergraduate programs at Constructor University are based on a coherently modularized structure, which provides students with an extensive and flexible choice of study plans to meet the educational aims of their major as well as minor study interests and complete their studies within the regular period.

The framework policies and procedures regulating undergraduate study programs at Constructor University can be found on the website (<u>https://constructor.university/student-life/student-services/university-policies)</u>.

2.2 The Constructor University 4C Model

Constructor University offers study programs that comply with the regulations of the European Higher Education Area. All study programs are structured according to the European Credit Transfer System (ECTS), which facilitates credit transfer between academic institutions. The three-year undergraduate programs involve six semesters of study with a total of 180 ECTS credit points (CP). The undergraduate curricular structure follows an innovative and student-centered modularization scheme, the 4C Model. It groups the disciplinary content of the study program in three overarching themes, CHOICE-CORE-CAREER according to the year of study, while the university-wide CONSTRUCTOR Track is dedicated to multidisciplinary content dedicated to methods as well as intellectual skills and is integrated across all three years of study. The default module size is 5 CP, with smaller 2.5 CP modules being possible as justified exceptions, e.g., if the learning goals are more suitable for 2.5 CP and the overall student workload is balanced.



2.2.1 Year 1 – CHOICE

The first study year is characterized by a university-specific offering of disciplinary education that builds on and expands upon the students' entrance qualifications. Students select introductory modules for a total of 45 CP from the CHOICE area of a variety of study programs, of which 15-45 CP will belong to their intended major. A unique feature of our curricular structure allows students to select their major freely upon entering Constructor University. The team of Academic Advising Services offers curricular counseling to all Bachelor students independently of their major, while Academic Advisors support students in their decision-making regarding their major study program as contact persons from the faculty.

To pursue International Business Administration as a major, students take the following mandatory (m) CHOICE modules (30 CP):

- CHOICE Module: Introduction to International Business (m, 7.5 CP)
- CHOICE Module: Introduction to Finance and Accounting (m, 7.5 CP)
- CHOICE Module: Microeconomics (m, 7.5 CP)
- CHOICE Module: Macroeconomics (m, 7.5 CP)

The combination of business administration and economics allows students to understand the interactions between the activities of individual firms and their economic environments.

The remaining CHOICE modules (15 CP) can be selected in the first year of studies according to interest and/or with the aim to allow a change of major until the beginning of the second year, when their major choice becomes fixed.

Students can still change to another major at their beginning of the second semesters of study, provided they have taken the corresponding mandatory CHOICE modules in their first semester of studies. All students must participate in an entry advising session with their Academic Advisors to learn about their major change options and consult their Academic Advisor prior to changing their major. (*Disclaimer: Major change options when entering the second year may differ for in-presence and online studies.*)

The major change options and requirements for IBA students are listed below:

• All IBA students have the option to change to Global Economics and Management (GEM) after the first year of study.

Students who would like to retain a further option are strongly recommended to additionally register for the CHOICE modules of one of the following study programs in their first year. The module descriptions can be found in the respective Study Program Handbook.

- Integrated Social and Cognitive Psychology (ISCP)
 CHOICE Module: Essentials of Cognitive Psychology (me, 7.5 CP)
 CHOICE Module: Essentials of Social Psychology (me, 7.5 CP)
- International Relations: Politics and History (IRPH) CHOICE Module: Introduction to International Relations Theory (me, 7.5 CP) CHOICE Module: Introduction to Modern European History (me, 7.5 CP)
- Industrial Engineering and Management (IEM)
 CHOICE Module: General Industrial Engineering (me, 7.5 CP)
 CHOICE Module: General Logistics (me, 7.5 CP)

2.2.2 Year 2 – CORE

In their second year, students take a total of 45 CP from a selection of in-depth, disciplinespecific CORE modules. Building on the introductory CHOICE modules and applying the methods and skills acquired so far (see 2.3.1), these modules aim to expand the students' critical understanding of the key theories, principles, and methods in their major for the current state of knowledge and best practice.

To pursue International Business Administration as a major, at least 30 CP from the following mandatory elective (me) CORE modules need to be taken:

- CORE Module: Applied Project Management (me, 7.5 CP)
- CORE Module: International Strategic Management (me, 7.5 CP)
- CORE Module: Digital Transformation and Information Economy (me, 5 CP)
- CORE Module: Design Thinking, E-Business & E-Services (me, 2.5 CP)
- CORE Module: Entrepreneurship and Innovation (me, 7.5 CP)
- CORE Module: Marketing (me, 7.5 CP)
- CORE Module: Organization and Human Resource Management (me, 7.5 CP)

The remaining 15 CP can be selected according to interest and/or with the aim of pursuing a minor in a second field of studies, or students complement their studies by taking all of the above listed mandatory elective CORE modules.

IBA students can take CORE modules (or more advanced Specialization modules) from a second discipline, which allows them to incorporate a minor study track into their undergraduate education, within the 180 CP required for a bachelor's degree. The educational aims of a minor are to broaden the students' knowledge and skills, support the critical reflection of statements in complex contexts, foster an interdisciplinary approach to problem-solving, and to develop an individual academic and professional profile in line with students' strengths and interests. This extra qualification will be highlighted in the transcript. (*Disclaimer: The minor option may differ for in-presence and online studies.*)

The Academic Advising Coordinator, Academic Advisor, and the Study Program Chair of the minor study program support students in the realization of their minor selection; the consultation with the Academic Advisor is mandatory when choosing a minor.

As a rule, this requires IBA students to:

- select two CHOICE modules (15 CP) from the desired minor program in the first year and
- substitute two of the mandatory elective IBA CORE modules (15 CP) in the second year with the default minor CORE modules of the minor study program.

The requirements for each specific minor are described in the handbook of the study program offering the minor (Chapter 3.2) and are marked in the respective Study and Examination Plans. For an overview of accessible minors, please check the Major/Minor Combination Matrix which is published at the beginning of each academic year.

Note: Students pursuing IBA as a major cannot pursue Global Economics and Management (GEM) as a minor; students must declare whether they follow either IBA or GEM as a major at the beginning of the second year of study. Online students can only take the minor in Data Science and Industrial Engineering and Management (IEM).

2.2.3 Year 3 – CAREER

During their third year, students prepare and make decisions for their career after graduation. To explore available choices, and to gain professional experience, students take a mandatory summer internship. The third year of studies allows IBA students to further sharpen their profile with a selection of different specialization modules that can be combined to enhance their specific understanding of innovation processes, managerial capabilities or market transactions, but also focuses on the responsibility of students beyond their discipline (see CONSTRUCTOR Track).

The fifth semester also opens a mobility window for ample study abroad options. Finally, the sixth semester is dedicated to foster the research experience of students by involving them in an extended bachelor's thesis project.

The third year of studies allows IBA students to take Specialization modules within their discipline, but also focuses on the responsibility of students beyond their discipline (see CONSTRUCTOR Track).

2.2.3.1 Internship / Start-up and Career Skills Module

As a core element of Constructor University's employability approach students are required to engage in a mandatory two-month internship of 15 CP that will usually be completed during the summer between the second and third years of study. This gives students the opportunity to gain first-hand practical experience in a professional environment, apply their knowledge and understanding in a professional context, reflect on the relevance of their major to employment and society, reflect on their own role in employment and society, and find a professional orientation. The internship can also establish valuable contacts for the students' Bachelor's thesis project, for the selection of a Master program graduate school or further employment after graduation. This module is complemented by career advising and several career skills workshops throughout all six semesters that prepare students for the transition from student life to professional life. As an alternative to the full-time internship, students interested in setting up their own company can apply for a start-up option to focus on developing of their business plans.

For further information, please contact the Career Service Center (<u>https://constructor.university/student-life/career-services</u>).

2.2.3.2 Specialization Modules

In the third year of their studies, students take 15 CP from major-specific or major-related, advanced Specialization Modules to consolidate their knowledge and to be exposed to state-of-the-art research in the areas of their interest. This curricular component is offered as a portfolio of modules, from which students can make free selections during their fifth and sixth semester. The default Specialization Module size is 5 CP, with smaller 2.5 CP modules being possible as justified exceptions.

To pursue IBA as a major, at least 10 of the 15 CP from the following major-specific Specialization Modules need to be taken:

- IBA Specialization: Lean Management (me, 5 CP)
- IBA Specialization: Managerial Accounting (me, 5 CP)
- IBA Specialization: Contemporary Topics in Marketing (me, 5 CP)

A maximum of 5 CP can be taken from major-related modules instead of major-specific Specialization Modules:

• GEM Specialization: Advanced Econometrics (me, 5 CP)

- GEM Specialization: Managing Public and Nonprofit Organizations (me, 5 CP)
- GEM Specialization: Information Economics (me, 5 CP)
- MDDA Specialization: Financial Data Analytics (me, 5 CP)

Students may also select 15 CP entirely from their major-specific Specialization Modules.

2.2.3.3 Study Abroad

Students have the opportunity to study abroad for a semester to extend their knowledge and abilities, broaden their horizons and reflect on their values and behavior in a different context as well as on their role in a global society. For a semester abroad (usually the 5th semester), modules related to the major with a workload equivalent to 22.5 CP must be completed. Modules recognized as study abroad CP need to be pre-approved according to Constructor University study abroad procedures. Several exchange programs allow students to directly enroll at prestigious partner institutions worldwide. Constructor University's participation in Erasmus+, the European Union's exchange program, provides an exchange semester at a number of European universities that include Erasmus study abroad funding.

For further information, please contact the International Programs Office (<u>https://constructor.university/ student-life/study-abroad/international-office</u>).

IBA students that wish to pursue a study abroad in their fifth semester are required to select their modules at the study abroad partners such that they can be used to substitute between 10-15 CP of major-specific Specialization modules and between 5-15 CP of modules equivalent to the non-disciplinary New Skills modules (see CONSTRUCTOR Track). In their sixth semester, according to the study plan, returning study-abroad students complete the Bachelor Thesis/Seminar module (see next section), they take any missing Specialization modules to reach the required 15 CP in this area, and they take any missing New Skills modules to reach 15 CP in this area.

2.2.3.4 Bachelor Thesis/Seminar Module

This module is a mandatory graduation requirement for all undergraduate students. It consists of two module components in the major study program guided by a Constructor faculty member: the Bachelor Thesis (12 CP) and a Seminar (3 CP). The title of the thesis will appear on the students' transcripts.

Within this module, students apply the knowledge, skills, and methods they have acquired in their major discipline to become acquainted with actual research topics, ranging from the identification of suitable (short-term) research projects, preparatory literature searches, the realization of discipline-specific research, and the documentation, discussion, and interpretation of the results.

With their Bachelor Thesis students demonstrate mastery of the contents and methods of their major-specific research field. Furthermore, students show the ability to analyze and solve a well-defined problem through scientific approaches, a critical reflection of the status quo in scientific literature, and the original development of their own ideas. With the permission of a Constructor Faculty Supervisor, the Bachelor Thesis can also have an interdisciplinary nature. In the seminar, students present and discuss their theses in a course environment and reflect on their theoretical or experimental approach and conduct. They learn to present their chosen research topics concisely and comprehensively in front of an audience and to explain their methods, solutions, and results to both specialists and non-specialists.

2.3 The CONSTRUCTOR Track

The CONSTRUCTOR Track is another important feature of Constructor University's educational model. The Constructor Track runs orthogonal to the disciplinary CHOICE, CORE, and CAREER modules across all study years and is an integral part of all undergraduate study programs. It provides an intellectual tool kit for lifelong learning and encourages the use of diverse methodologies to approach cross-disciplinary problems. The CONSTRUCTOR track contains Methods, New Skills and German Language and Humanities modules.

2.3.1 Methods Modules

Methods and skills such as mathematics, statistics, programming, data handling, presentation skills, academic writing, and scientific and experimental skills are offered to all students as part of the Methods and Skills area in their curriculum. The modules that are specifically assigned to each study programs equip students with transferable academic skills. They convey and practice specific methods that are indispensable for each students' chosen study program. Students are required to take 20 CP in the Methods area. The size of all Methods modules is 5 CP.

To pursue IBA as a major, the following Methods modules (15 CP) need to be taken as mandatory modules:

- Methods Module: Applied Calculus (m, 5 CP)
- Methods Module: Applied Statistics with SPSS (me, 5 CP) **or** Methods Module: Applied Statistics with R (me, 5 CP)
- Methods Module: Qualitative Research Methods (m, 5 CP)

For the remaining 5 CP IBA students can choose between the following two Methods modules:

- Methods Module: Econometrics (me, 5 CP)
- Methods Module: Data Collection and Empirical Research Methodologies (me, 5 CP)

2.3.2 New Skills Modules

This part of the curriculum constitutes an intellectual and conceptual tool kit that cultivates the capacity for a particular set of intellectual dispositions including curiosity, imagination, critical thought, and transferability. It nurtures a range of individual and societal capacities, such as self-reflection, argumentation and communication. Finally, it introduces students to the normative aspects of inquiry and research, including the norms governing sourcing, sharing, withholding materials and research results as well as others governing the responsibilities of expertise as well as the professional point of view

All students are required to take the following modules in their second year:

- New Skills Module: Logic (m, 2.5 CP)
- New Skills Module: Causation and Correlation (m, 2.5 CP)

These modules will be offered with two different perspectives of which the students can choose. The module perspectives are independent modules which examine the topic from different point of views. Please see the module description for more details. In the third year, students take three 5 CP modules that build upon previous modules in the track and are partially constituted by modules that are more closely linked to each student's disciplinary field of study. The following module is mandatory for all students:

• New Skills Module: Argumentation, Data Visualization and Communication (m, 5 CP)

This module will also be offered with two different perspectives of which the students can choose.

In their fifth semester, students may choose between:

- New Skills Module: Linear Model/Matrices (me, 5 CP) and
- New Skills Module: Complex Problem Solving (me, 5 CP).

The sixth semester also contains the choice between two modules, namely:

- New Skills Module: Agency, Leadership and Accountability (me, 5 CP) and
- New Skills Module: Community Impact Project (me, 5 CP).

Students who study abroad during the fifth semester and are not substituting the mandatory "Argumentation, Data Visualization and Communication" module, are required to take this module during their sixth semester. Students who remain on campus are free to take the Argumentation, Data Visualization and Communication module in person in either the fifth or sixth semester as they prefer.

2.3.3 German Language and Humanities Modules

German language abilities foster students' intercultural awareness and enhance their employability in their host country. They are also beneficial for securing mandatory internships (between the 2nd and 3rd year) in German companies and academic institutions. Constructor University supports its students in acquiring basic as well as advanced German skills in the first year of the CONSTRUCTOR Track. Non-native speakers of German are encouraged to take 2 German modules (2.5 CP each), but are not obliged to do so. Native speakers and other students not taking advantage of this offering take alternative modules in Humanities in each of the first two semesters:

- Humanities Module: Introduction to Philosophical Ethics (me, 2.5 CP)
- Humanities Module: Introduction to the Philosophy of Science (me, 2.5 CP)
- Humanities Module: Introduction to Visual Culture (me, 2.5 CP)

3 International Business Administration as a Minor in Entrepreneurship, Innovation and Management

A minor in Entrepreneurship, Innovation and Management (EIM) will meet the expectations of prospective students with a strong interest in entrepreneurship and the management of innovations in a globalized and international environment. EIM focuses on how firms and individuals make decisions regarding the identification and exploitation of business opportunities and how innovations and innovation processes can be managed within a firm. Given the study mode of this program, the minor EIM can be completed online as well.

3.1 Qualification Aims

The purpose of a minor in EIM is to enable graduates to complement their knowledge obtained in their major program with an entrepreneurial business perspective. The principles of entrepreneurship and innovation management are highly relevant in a world characterized by globalization, rapid technological change, and scarce resources. The basics of international business administration, covered in the first year's CHOICE modules, convey a business-driven approach to problem solving. The two second year CORE modules Entrepreneurship and Innovation and Digital Transformation and Information Economy develop these approaches further by expanding the perspective to the process of entrepreneurship and technology management.

3.1.1 Intended Learning Outcomes

With a minor in EIM, students will be able to:

- 1. critically discuss and apply modern theories in business and entrepreneurship;
- 2. explain the principles of idea creation and innovation management;
- 3. discuss how the political, economic, social, and technological environments affect business functions in a globalized world;
- 4. Utilize the principles of finance and accounting to describe and evaluate the financial performance of companies and new business ventures;
- 5. defend their solutions in discussions with specialists and non-specialists.

3.2 Module Requirements

A minor in EIM requires 30 CP. The default option to obtain a minor in EIM is marked in the Study and Examination Plans in Section 6. It includes the following CHOICE and CORE modules:

- CHOICE Module: Introduction to International Business (m, 7.5 CP)
- CHOICE Module: Introduction to Finance and Accounting (m, 7.5 CP)
- CORE Module Component: Digital Transformation and Information Economy (m, 5 CP)
- CORE Module: Entrepreneurship and Innovation (m, 7.5 CP)
- CORE Module: Entrepreneurial Challenges and Creative Solutions (m, 2.5 CP)

3.3 Degree

After successful completion, the minor in Entrepreneurship, Innovation and Management will be listed on the final transcript under PROGRAM OF STUDY and BA/BSc – [name of the major] as "(Minor: Entrepreneurship, Innovation and Management)".

4 International Business Administration Undergraduate Program Regulations

4.1 Scope of these Regulations

The regulations in this handbook are valid for all students who entered the International Business Administration undergraduate program at Constructor University in Fall 2023. In case of conflict between the regulations in this handbook and the general Policies for Bachelor Studies, the latter apply (see https://constructor.university/student-life/student-services/university-policies).

In exceptional cases, certain necessary deviations from the regulations of this study handbook might occur during the course of study (e.g., change of the semester sequence, assessment type, or the teaching mode of courses).

In general, Constructor University reserves therefore the right to change or modify the regulations of the program handbook according to relevant policies and processes also after its publication at any time and in its sole discretion.

4.2 Degree

Upon successful completion of the study program, students are awarded a Bachelor of Arts (BA) degree in International Business Administration.

4.3 Graduation Requirements

In order to graduate, students need to obtain 180 CP. In addition, the following graduation requirements apply:

Students need to complete all mandatory components of the program as indicated in the Study and Examination Plan in Chapter 6 of this handbook.

5 Schematic Study Plan for International Business Administration

Figure 2 shows schematically the sequence and types of modules required for the study program. A more detailed description, including the assessment types, is given in the Study and Examination Plans in the following section.

C>ONSTRUCTOR

C>ONSTRUCTOR UNIVERSITY

International Business Administration (180 CP)

	CHOICE / CORE / CAREI				3 x 45 = 135 CP	CONSTRUCTOR Track 45 CP		
3 rd	Bachelor The	esis / Semin	ar (research	or industry) m, 15 CP	Summer Internship / Start-Up	Argumentation,	Agen Accounta Ir	ncy, Leadership & ability OR Community npact Project me, 5 CP
Year CAREER	Specialization me, 5 CP	Special	ization me, 5 CP	Specialization me, 5 CP	(after 2nd year) m, 15 CP	Communication**	Linear Model / Matrices OR Complex Problem Solving me, 5 CP	
2 nd	Entrepreneurship & Ir	movation me, 7.5 CP	International Strategic Management me, 7.5 CP		Organization and Human Resource Management me, 7.5 CP	Econometrics OR Data Collection and Emp. Research Method. me, 5 CP		Logic** m, 2.5 CP
Year CORE	Digital Transformation and Information Design Thinking, E-Business & E-Servi Entrepreneurial Challenges and Creativ	n Economy me, 5 CP ces OR re Solutions m, 2.5 CP	Applied F	Project Management me, 7.5 CP	Marketing me, 7.5 CP	Qual. Res. Met	t hods m, 5 CP	Causation / Correlation** m, 2.5 CP
1 st	Introduction to Final Accounting	troduction to Finance and Accounting m, 7.5 CP Macroeconomics m, 7.5 CP		Own Choice me, 7.5 CP	Applied Statistics OR Applied Statist SPSS _N	with R lics with ne, 5 CP	German / Humanities me, 2.5 CP	
Year CHOICE	Introduction to Inter Business	national m, 7.5 CP	Mic	croeconomics m, 7.5 CP	Own Choice me, 7.5 CP	Applied Calc	ulus m, 5 CP	German / Humanities me, 2.5 CP
	Minor Option in EIM	(30 CP)	С	P: Credit Points m	mandatory Study abro e: mandatory elective Semester (ad Option in 5 th	**Differen	t module tives available

Figure 2: Schematic Study Plan for IBA

6 Study and Examination Plan

International Business Administration

Matriculation	Fall 2023													
	Program-Specific Modules	Туре	Assessment	Period	Status ¹	Sem. CP		Constructor Track Modules (General Education	Туре	Assessment	Period	Status ¹	Sem.	СР
Year 1 - CH	DICE					45								15
Take the manda	tory CHOICE units listed below, these are a requirement for the Internat	ional Business Administration pre	ogram.											
	Unit: General Management					15		Unit: Methods / Skills						10
CH-300	Module: Introduction to International Business*				m	1 7.5	CTMS-MAT-08	Module: Applied Calculus				m	1	5
CH-300-A	Introduction to International Business Lecture	Lecture (in presence / online)	Weitten energinetien	Economic stime and a		5	CTMS-08	Applied Calculus	Lecture (in presence - online)	Written examination	Examination period			5
CH-300-B	Introduction to International Business Seminar	Seminar (in presence / online)	written examination	Examination period		2.5	Take one of the t	wo listed mandatory elective methods modules:						
CH-301	Module: Introduction to Finance and Accounting*				m	2 7.5	CTMS-MET-02	Module: Applied Statistics with SPSS				me	2	5
CH-301-A	Introduction to Finance	Lecture (in presence / online)				2.5	CTMS-02	Applied Statistics with SPSS	Lecture (in presence / online)	Written examination	Examination period			5
CH-301-B	Introduction to Accounting	Lecture (in presence / online)	Written examination	Examination period		2.5	CTMS-MET-03	Module: Applied Statistics with R				me	2	5
CH-301-C	Finance and Accounting Tutorial	Tutorial (in presence / online)				2.5	CTMS-03	Applied Statistics with R	Lecture (in presence / online)	Written examination	Examination period			5
	Unit: General Economics					15		Unit: German Language and Humanities (choose one mod	lule for each sememster)					5
CH-310	Module: Microeconomics				m	1 7.5		German is default language and open to Non-German speaker	s (on campus and online).3					
CH-310-A	Microeconomics Theory and Policy	Lecture (in presence / online)	Written examination	Examination period		5	CTLA-	Module: Language 1				me	1	2,5
CH-310-B	Microeconomics Tutorial	Tutorial (in presence / online)	Whiteh caunination	Examination period		2.5	CTLA-	Language 1	Seminar (in presence / online)	Various	Various	me		
CH-311	Module: Macroeconomics				m	2 7.5	CTLA-	Module: Language 2				me	2	2,5
CH-311-A	Macroeconomics Theory and Policy	Lecture (in presence / online)	Written examination	Examination period		5	CTLA-	Language 2	Seminar (in presence / online)	Various	Various	me		
CH-311-B	Macroeconomics Tutorial	Tutorial (in presence / online)		1		2.5	CTHU-HUM-00	1 Humanities Module: Introduction to Philosophical Ethics				me	1	2,5
	Unit: CHOICE (own selection)					1/2 15	CTHU-001	Introduction to Philosophical Ethics	Lecture (online)	Written Exam	Examination period	me		
Students take on	e further CHOICE unit from those offered for all other study programs. ²						CTHU-HUM-00	2 Humanities Module: Introduction to the Philosophy of Sc	ience			me	2	2,5
							CTHU-002	Introduction to the Philosophy of Science	Lecture (online)	Written Exam	Examination period	me		
							CTHU-HUM-00	3 Humanities Module: Introduction to Visual Culture				me	2	2,5
							CTHU-003	Introduction to Visual Culture	Lecture (online)	Written Exam	ExExamination period	me	_	
Year 2 - CO	RE					45								15
Take all CORE	modules listed below or replace 15 ECTS with the CORE modules from t	he minor unit of another study pro	ogram											
	Unit: Management					15		Unit: Methods						10
CO-600	Module: Applied Project Management		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		me	3 7.5	CTMS-MET-04	Module: Qualitative Research Methods				m	3	5
CO-600-A	Applied Project Management Lecture	Lecture	Presentation	During the semester		5	CTMS-04	Qualitative Research Methods	Seminar	Project	Examination period			5
CO-600-B	Applied Project Management Seminar	Seminar				2.5	Take one of the t	wo listed mandatory elective methods modules:					444	
CO-601	Module: International Strategic Management				me	4 7.5	CTMS-MET-05	Module: Econometrics				me	4	5
CO-601-A	International Strategic Management Lecture	Lecture	Term paper	Examination period		5	CTMS-05	Econometrics	Seminar	Written examination	Examination period		┶┯┷	5
СО-601-В	International Strategic Management Seminar	Seminar		-		2.3	CIMS-MEI-06	Module: Data Collection and Empirical Research Method	ologies	D		me	4	5
	Unit: Business Solutions					15	CTMS-06	Data Collection and Empirical Research Methodologies	Seminar	Keport	Examination period			5
CO-611	Module: Digital Transformation and Information Economy*		r		me	3 5			<u> </u>					
CO-611-A	Digital Transformation and Information Economy	Seminar	Presentation	During the semester		5		Unit: New Skills	ļ		L		<u> </u>	5
CO-612	Module: Design Thinking, E-Business & E-Services				me	3 2.5	Choose one of th	e two modules						
CO-612-A	Design Thinking, E-Business & E-Services	Seminar				2.5	CTNS-NSK- 01	Module: Logic (perspective I)		With Parts of		me	• 3	2.5
CO-603	Module: Entrepreneurship and Innovation*				me	3 7.5	CTNS-01	Logic (perspective I)	Lecture (online)	Written Examination	ⁿ Examination period	me		2.5
CO-603-A	Entrepreneurship and Innovation	Seminar	Presentation	During the semester		7.5	CTNS-NSK-02	Module: Logic (perspective II)						
CO-613	Moudle: Entrepreneurial Challenges and Creative Solutions				m	2.5	CTNS-02	Logic (perspective II)	Lecture (online)	Written Examinatio	n Examination period	me		2.5
CO-613-A	Entrepreneurial Challenges and Creative Solutions	Lecture	Presentation	During the semester		2.5	Choose one of th	e two modules						
	Unit: Managing Diversity					15	CTNS-NSK-03	Module: Correlation and Causation (perspective I)				me	4	2.5
CO-604	Module: Marketing				me	3 7.5	CTNS-03	Correlation and Causation (perspective I)	Lecture (online)	Written Examinatio	n Examination period	me		2.5
CO-604-A	Marketing Lecture	Lecture	Oral Presentation +	Examination period		5	CTNS-NSK-04	Module: Correlation and Causation (perspective II)				me	4	2.5
CO-604-B	Marketing Seminar	Seminar	Presentation Skript			2,5	CTNS-04	Correlation and Causation (perspective II)	Lecture (online)	Written Examinatio	n Examination period	me		2.5
CO-605	Module: Organization and Human Resource Management				me	4 7.5								
CO-605-A	Organization and Human Resource Management - Lecture	Seminar	Presentation	During the semester		5							\downarrow	
CO-605-B	Organization and Human Resource Management - Tutorial	Tutorial				2.5								

Year 3 - CARE	ER	· · ·	•				45								15
CA-INT-900	Module: Internship / Startup and Career Skills				m	4/5	15		Unit: New Skills						10
CA-INT-900-0	Internship / Startup and Career Skills	Internship	Report or Business Plan and Presentation	Durinng the 5 th semster			15	Choose one of the	two modules						
CA-IBA-800	Module: Thesis / Seminar IBA				m	6	15	CTNS-NSK-05	Module: Linear Model / Matrices				me	5	5
CA-IBA-800-T	Thesis IBA	Thesis	Thesis Presentation	15 th of May			12	CTNS-05	Linear Model/ Matrices	Seminar (online)	Written Exam	Exam period			5
CA-IBA-800-S	Seminar IBA	Seminar	Thesis Tresentation	During the semester			3	CTNS-NSK-06	Module: Complex Problem Solving				me	5	5
	Unit: Specialization IBA				m	5/6	15	CTNS-06	Complex Problem Solving	Lecture (online)	Written Exam	Exam period			5
								Choose one of the t	two modules						5
Take a total of 15	CP of specialization modules							CTNS-NSK-07	Module: Argumentation, Data Visualization and Com	nunication			me	5/6	5
CA-S-IBA-801	Lean Management	Lecture	Presentation	During the semester	me	5	5	CTNS-07	Argumentation, Data Visualization and Communication (pe	rspcLecture (online)	Written exam	Examination period	me	5	5
CA-S-IBA-802	Managerial Accounting	Seminar	Term paper	Examination period	me	5	5	CTNS-NSK-08	Module: Argumentation, Data Visualization and Com	nunication			me	5/6	5
CA-S-IBA-803	Contemporary Topics in Marketing	Seminar	Term paper	Examination period	me	6	5	CTNS-08	Argumentation, Data Visualization and Communication (pe	rspe Lecture (online)	Written exam	Examination period	me	6	5
CA-S-GEM-xxx	Specialization elective (from GEM and MDDA)2	Seminar	Various	During the semester	me	5/6	5	Choose one of the t	wo modules						
								CTNS-NSK	Module: Agency, Accountability & Leadership				me	6	5
									Agency, Accountability & Leadership	Lecture (online)	Written Exam	Exam period			5
								CTNC-CIP-10	Module: Community Impact Project				me	5/6	5
								CTNC-10	Community Impact Project	Project	Project	During the Sememster	-		5
Total CP															180

 Total CP

 ' Status (m = nandatory, e = elective, me = nandatory elective)

 2 For a full listing of all CHOICE / CORE / CONSTRUCTOR Track units / modules please consult the CampusNet online catalogue and /or the study program handbooks.

³ German native speakers will have alternatives to the language courses (in the field of Humanities).
* students minoring in EIM take the indicated modules.

Figure 3: Study and Examination Plan

7 International Business Administration Modules

7.1 Introduction to International Business

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	СР		
Introduction to Inte	rnational Business	S	CH-300	Year 1 (CHOICE)	7.5		
Module Component	s				<u>.</u>		
Number	Name			Туре	СР		
CH-300-A	Introduction to I	nternational Business		Lecture (in presence / online)	5		
СН-300-В	Introduction to I	nternational Business - Se	minar	Seminar (in presence / online)	2.5		
Module	Program Affiliati		Mandatory Status				
Coordinator	Internationa	al Business Administration	Mandatory for GEM, IBA, IEM, MDDA and minor EIM				
Prof. Dr. Christoph Lattemann							
Entry Requirements			Frequency	Forms of Learn Teaching	ning and		
			Annually	• Lecture (35 hours)			
Pre-requisites	Co-requisites	Knowledge, Abilities, or	(Fall)	• Seminar (17.5	hours)		
🖾 None	⊠ None	None		Private studies (50 hours)	s on cases		
				Private stud content (85 ho	dies on ours)		
			Duration	Workload			
			1 semester	187.5 hours			
Recommendations f	for Preparation						
None.							

Tione:

Content and Educational Aims

This module provides the basics needed for making informed and effective business decisions in today's global economy. It focuses on the domains of business such as international strategy and organizational structure, selecting and managing entry modes, developing and marketing products internationally and managing international operations. Issues of globalization, cross-cultural businesses, politics and law in business, economic systems and development, international trade, and international financial markets will also be covered. Upon completing the module, students will know how to use a number of international business analytical tools, and have experience with case study analysis: including, PEST, CAGE, International Market Selection and Modes of Entry. Global corporate social responsibility and sustainability issues will also be discussed.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of this module, students will be able to

- 1. understand and describe the process of globalization and how it affects markets and production e.g. identify the two forces causing globalization to increase, identify the types of companies that participate in international business, describe the global business environment and identify its four main elements;
- describe culture and explain the significance of both national culture and subcultures, identify the components of culture and the impact on business, describe the two main frameworks used to classify cultures and explain their practical use;
- 3. describe each main type of political system. Identify the origins of political risk and how managers can reduce its effects. List the main types of legal systems and explain how they differ. Describe the major legal and ethical issues facing international companies;
- 4. describe what is meant by a centrally planned economy and explain why its use is declining. Identify the main characteristics of a mixed economy and explain the emphasis on privatization. Describe the different ways to measure a nation's level of development;
- discuss international trade and trade patterns. Explain absolute advantage and comparative advantage and identify their differences. Explain the factor proportions and international product life cycle theories as well as trade and national competitive advantage theories;
- 6. describe the political, economic, and cultural motives behind governmental intervention in trade. List and explain the methods governments use to promote and restrict international trade;
- 7. define regional economic integration and identify its five levels. Discuss the benefits and drawbacks associated with regional economic integration;
- 8. discuss international capital market, international bond, international equity, and Eurocurrency markets. Discuss the four primary functions of the foreign exchange market. Explain how currencies are quoted and the different rates given;
- 9. explain how exchange rates influence the activities of domestic and international companies. Identify the factors that help determine exchange rates and their impact on business;
- 10. identify international strategies and the corporate-level strategies that companies use;
- 11. discuss the important issues that influence the choice of organizational structure;
- 12. explain why and how companies use exporting, importing, and countertrade. Explain the various means of financing export and import activities. Describe the different contractual entry modes that are available to companies. Discuss the important strategic factors in selecting an entry mode;
- explain the impact globalization is having on international marketing activities. Understand the various dimensions for developing international product, promotional, pricing and distribution strategies (4P's marketing mix);
- 14. use concepts, tools and frameworks and apply them in the international business context. Develop and improve your analytical and critical thinking skills by applying them to contemporary international business issues. Improve communication skills like reading, writing, speaking, and listening. Prepare and deliver oral presentations as well as written works either prepared individually or as a team. Improve your research skills by analyzing real business situations, identifying problems, evaluating and discussing options and prepare recommendations. These recommendations need to be fact-based, undertaken qualitative and quantitative analyses.

Indicative Literature

Peng, M., Meyer K. (2019). International Business, 3 ed, Boston: Cengage Learning EMEA.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Written examination

Duration: 120 minutes

Weight: 100%

Scope: all intended learning outcomes

Module achievement: Preparation of case studies is prerequisite to attend the written examination.

Completion: To pass this module, the examination has to be passed with at least 45%.

7.2 Introduction to Finance and Accounting

Module Name Introduction to Fi	nance and Account	ing	Module Code CH-301	Level (type) Year 1 (CHOICE)	CP 7.5	
Module Compone	nts					
Number	Name			Туре	СР	
CH-301-A	Introduction to Fi	Introduction to Finance L p o				
СН-301-В	Introduction to A	ccounting	Lecture (in presence / online)	2.5		
CH-301-C	Finance and Acco	ounting Tutorial	Tutorial (in presence / online)	2.5		
Module Coordinator Prof. Dr. Andreas Seebeck	Program Affiliatio International	n Business Administration (I	BA)	Mandatory Statu Mandatory for Gi IEM, MDDA, and EIM	I S EM, IBA, d minor	
Entry Requirements Pre-requisites	Co-requisites	Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills	Frequency Annually (Spring)	Forms of Learnin Teaching Lecture (35) Tutorial (17) 	hours) 1.5 hours)	
 Introduction to International Business 	⊠ none	None. Priv. hour Duration Workload				
Decommondation	a for Proparation		1 semester	187.5 hours		

None

Content and Educational Aims

This module introduces students to the basics of finance and financial accounting.

The module is split into three sub-parts.

The first part focuses on finance and investment and will provide students with the basics of corporate finance and investments. It offers an overview of the different sources of finance from private and public sources, and it introduces several important analytical tools and techniques from corporate finance.

The second part focuses on financial accounting. It outlines the framework of accounting including its nature, purposes, and the context. In addition, it covers the basic concepts, conventions, and principles of accounting as well as the accounting equation. Moreover, the recognition and measurement principles are taught. Finally, the module covers the preparation and analysis of financial statements. This part uses the International Financial Reporting Standards as reference.

The third part of the module is designed as a tutorial. In this tutorial students repeat, apply, and practice the techniques from both finance and accounting lectures. Students work on exercises individually and in small groups.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of this module, students will be able to

- 1. define the basic types of financial management decisions and the role of the financial manager
- 2. explain the goal of financial management
- 3. compute the external financing needed to fund a firm's growth and name the determinants of a firm's growth
- 4. determine the future value of an investment made today and the present value of cash to be received at a future date
- 5. define important bond features, types of bonds, and bond ratings
- 6. outline the impact of inflation on interest rates
- 7. apply the Present Value (PV), Net Present Value (NPV), Payback rule, Internal Rate of Return (IRR), and the Profitability Index (PI)
- 8. apply the concept of scenario and sensitivity analysis, calculate the tax shield, accounting break-even point and degree of operating leverage
- 9. identify and describe the major functions of financial accounting and financial reporting
- 10. explain the relationship between financial statement elements
- 11. describe the roles and desirable attributes of financial reporting standards
- 12. demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the elements of the balance sheet, income statement, cash flow statement, and statement of shareholders' equity
- 13. describe, explain, and classify cash flow items

Indicative Literature

Phillips, F., Libby, R., Libby P. (2015). Fundamentals of Financial Accounting, 5th Edition. New York: McGraw-Hill Education.

Ross, S.A., Westerfield, R. and Jordan, B.D., 2019. Fundamentals of corporate finance. Tata McGraw-Hill Education.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- Builds on the module "Introduction to International Business"
- The module prepares students for the CORE modules in the second and third study year

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Written examination

Duration: 120 minutes Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module.

Completion: To pass this module, the examination has to be passed with at least 45%.

7.3 Microeconomics

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	СР						
Microeconomics			СН-310	Year 1 (CHOICE)	7.5						
Module Componer	Module Components										
Number	Name			Туре	СР						
CH-310-A	Microeconomics	Theory and Policy		Lecture (in presence / online)	5						
СН-310-В	Microeconomics	- Tutorial	Tutorial (in presence / online)	2.5							
Module Coordinator Prof. Dr. Colin Vance	 Program Affiliation Global Economic 	on omics and Management (GE	M)	Mandatory Status Mandatory for and minor in G	s GEM, IBA EM						
Entry Requirements Pre-requisites ⊠ None	Co-requisites ⊠ None	Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills Logical reasoning High school mathematics	Frequency Annually (Fall)	Forms of Lear Teaching Lecture (35 Seminar (17 Private Str hours)	rning and hours) .5 hours) udy (135						
			Duration 1 semester	Workload 187.5 hours							

Recommendations for Preparation

To prepare for this module, students are recommended to read the article "Research on teaching economics to undergraduates," published in the Journal of Economic Literature in 2015. The article will allow students to get a first-hand look at the challenges of teaching economics from the viewpoint of those who teach it.

Content and Educational Aims

The study of economics is concerned with the allocation of scarce resources and the associated implications for efficiency, equity, and human welfare. This module introduces the field of microeconomics, focusing on the role of markets in facilitating exchanges between different sectors of the economy such as workers, consumers, firms, and government institutions. Topics addressed include consumer theory, the cost structures and behavior of firms in various industries, competition, monopoly, and government regulation. The module applies theoretical concepts to contemporary policy questions, such as when government intervention is justified to correct market imperfections.

This module aims at transmitting fundamental knowledge of economics at the level of economic agents. A command of microeconomics constitutes the basis for undergraduate studies in the fields of economics and management and helps make sense of economic behaviors in many situations, including professional settings. With its focus on questions of welfare and the policy implications of microeconomic theories, this module also

enables students to understand public affairs from an economic perspective at the micro level and promotes their capacity to differentiate among and explain the concepts taught in class. Textbook-based lectures ensure the transmission of the necessary knowledge. The accompanying, interactive tutorials further promote the students' capacity to describe and give examples of the concepts taught in class.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of this module, students will be able to

- 1. explain how economic concepts such as opportunity costs and the gains from trade can be applied to a range of themes of relevance to human welfare;
- 2. use graphical depictions to derive insights into how markets function;
- 3. distinguish between equity and efficiency when evaluating the outcomes of economic policies;
- 4. explain and differentiate among fundamental microeconomic models, such as that demonstrating the gains from trade, using graphs as visual aids;
- 5. explain the policy implications of microeconomic theories.

Indicative Literature

Hayek, F. A. (1945). The use of knowledge in society. American Economic Review, 35(4): 519-530.

King, M. L., Jr. (1963). Letter from a Birmingham jail.

Thaler, R. H. (2016). Behavioral economics: Past, present, and future. American Economic Review, 106(7): 1577-1600.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

• This module transmits fundamental knowledge of microeconomics that is necessary to the second-year modules "Development Economics", "Environmental and Resource Economics", "Comparing Economic Systems" and "International Economics". This module further benefits from the contents taught in its accompanying "Macroeconomics" as the combination of the two offers a comprehensive view of economic questions from the interaction of economic agents to the aggregated level.

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Written examination Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module Duration: 120 minutes Weight: 100%

Completion: To pass this module, the examination has to be passed with at least 45%.

7.4 Macroeconomics

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	СР					
Macroeconomics			CH-311	Year 1 (CHOICE)	7.5					
Module Components										
Number	Name			Туре	СР					
CH-311-A	Macroeconomics	Theory and Policy	Lecture (in presence / online)	5						
СН-311-В	Macroeconomics	-Tutorial	Tutorial (in presence / online)	2.5						
Module Coordinator Prof. Dr. Colin Vance	Program Affiliatio Global Econy	on omics and Management (GE	M)	Mandatory Status Mandatory for and minor in GEI	s GEM, IBA M					
Entry Requirements			Frequency	Forms of Lea Teaching	rning and					
Pre-requisites ⊠ Microeconomics	Co-requisites ⊠ None	Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills Logical reasoning High school mathematics	Annually (Spring)	 Lecture (35 hours) Tutorial (17.5 hours) Private Study (135 hours) 						
			Duration 1 semester	Workload 187.5 hours						

Recommendations for Preparation

Content and Educational Aims

The study of economics is concerned with the allocation of scarce resources and the associated implications for efficiency, equity, and human welfare. The subdiscipline of macroeconomics investigates the workings of the overall economy, focusing on how shifts in aggregate demand and supply affect variables such as employment, gross domestic product, inflation, and the balance of trade. This module applies theoretical concepts from macroeconomics to contemporary policy questions, such as when, why and how governments intervene in the economy. The module will distinguish fiscal and monetary policies, and what these government interventions mean for various markets and economic actors. The lectures cover the material students need to know to take and pass the module examination. In the tutorials, the students further integrate the material taught in the lectures via discussions of related concepts, policy problems, scientific studies, and exercises.

A command of macroeconomics constitutes the basis for undergraduate studies in the fields of economics and management, further preparing students for graduate study in these fields. Beyond these academic qualifications, students will be equipped with analytical tools that and help make sense of the economic conditions that affect both their private and professional lives. With its coverage of market regulation and the policy implications of macroeconomic theories, this module also enables students to understand public affairs from the perspective of whole economies. Textbook-based lectures ensure the transmission of the necessary knowledge. The accompanying, interactive tutorials further promote the students' capacity to differentiate and explain the concepts taught in class.

None.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of this module, students will be able to

- 1. express and discuss ways to analyze the performance of national economies through key indicators such as GDP growth, unemployment, inflation, government deficit and trade imbalances;
- 2. explain and differentiate the goals and effectiveness of government interventions to combat economic crises in the form of monetary and fiscal policies;
- 3. describe how supply side measures such as improvements in infrastructure, education, and research can improve long-term growth and the international competitiveness of national economies;
- 4. assess the distributional consequences of economic development and economic policy decisions;
- 5. explain the policy implications of macroeconomic theories

Indicative Literature

Goodwin, N., Harris, J., Rajkarnikar, P. J., Roach, B. Torras, M. (2019). Macroeconomics in context. London: Routledge.

To give students historical perspective:

Snowdown, B., Vane, H. R. (2005). Modern macroeconomics. Its origins, development and current state. Cheltenham: Edward Elgar.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

• This module transmits fundamental knowledge of macroeconomics that is necessary to the second-year modules "Development Economics", "Environmental and Resource Economics", "Comparing Economic Systems" and "International Economics". This module further benefits from the contents taught in its accompanying module "Microeconomics" as the combination of the two offers a comprehensive view of economic questions from the interaction of economic agents to the aggregated level.

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Written examination

Duration: 120 minutes Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module

Completion: To pass this module, the examination has to be passed with at least 45%.

7.5 Applied Project Management

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	СР		
Applied Project Ma	anagement		CO-600	Year 2 (Core)	7.5		
Module Componer	its						
Number	Name	_	_	Туре	CP		
CO-600-A	Applied Project Management			Lecture	5		
СО-600-В	Applied Project Management - Semin	nar		Seminar	2.5		
Module	Mandatory Status	S					
	International Business Administ						
Steffen			Mandatory for mi	nor in EIM			
Christoph Eickemever		Mandatory elective for IBA					
Entry			Frequency	Forms of Lear	rning and		
Requirements			Trequency	Teaching	ning and		
Pre-requisites	Co-requisites Knowledge, Abilit	ies, or	Annually				
☑ Introduction	Skills ⊠ Nono Nono		(Fall)	• Lecture (35 hours)			
to International				• Seminar (17	.5 hours)		
Business and Introduction to				Private Stu hours)	udy (135		
Finance and Accounting			Duration	Workload			
			1 semester	187.5 hours			
Recommendations	for Preparation						
Before the first se Fundamental Skill	ession, students should read: Luecke, s for Delivering on Budget and on Tim	R. (200 e Harva)4) : Managing P rd Business Scho	rojects Large and S ol Press	imall - The		
Content and Educ	ational Aims						
Content and Educational AIMS							
project organizatio	n, and excellent teamwork. The modul	le Applie	ed Project Manage	ement (APM)			
offers a detailed and management	look at the characteristics of projects a process.	and a ha	ands-on team sim	ulation of the projec	ct planning		

The APM module explains various project phases, including major and detailed tasks. It will deal with task assignment and resource allocation, budgeting, tracking, and scheduling techniques as well as with project leadership and team processes. The course will give students hands-on experience with project management, as students have to run a project on their own in teams over the semester.

The lecture component of this module covers the theoretical basics and offers practical examples. The seminar component of this module serves as an exercise based on examples and case studies, which are also carried out over the course hours in homework.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of this module, students will be able to

- 1. identify and memorize the key skills to manage projects, including internationally accepted standards and procedures for runing and controling projects;
- 2. apply project management skills to set up, organize, manage and control (real) projects;
- 3. analyze project performance;
- 4. develop strong analytical and presentation skills.

Indicative Literature

Bittner, E., Gregorc, W. (ed.) (2010). Experiencing Project Management: Projects, Challenges and Lessons Learned. Hoboken: John Wiley & Sons.

Larson, E. W., Gray, C. F. (2015). A guide to the project management body of knowledge: PMBOK (®) guide. In: Project Management Institute.

Luecke, R (2004). Managing projects large and small: the fundamental skills for delivering on budget and on time. Harvard: Harvard Business Press.

Marks, T. (2012). 20:20 Project Management: How to deliver on time, on budget and on spec. London: Kogan Page Publishers.

Larson, E.W.; Gray, C. (2017). Project management: the managerial process, 7th edition. New York: McGraw-Hill Education.

Moriis, P.W.G., Pinto, J. K, Söderland, Jonas (Hg.) (2012). The Oxford handbook of project management. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

Pries, K. H.; Quigley, J.M (2010). Scrum project management. Boca Raton: CRC press.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Presentation

Duration: 45 minutes Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes

Completion: To pass this module, the examination has to be passed with at least 45%.

7.6 Entrepreneurial Challenges and Creative Solutions

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	CP				
Entrepreneurial Challenges and Creative Solutions			CO-613	Year 2	2.5				
Module Components									
				_					
Number	Name		Туре	CP					
CO-613-A	Entrepreneurial C	Challenges and Creative Solu	Lecture	2.5					
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliatio	n	Mandatory Status						
	 Interna 	tional Business Administrat							
Prof. Christoph Lattemann	Mandatory elective for IBA								
Entry			Frequency	Forms of Learnin	g and				
Requirements	Co requisitos	Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills •	Annually (Fall)	 Teaching Lecture (17.5 hours) Private study (45 					
Pre-requisites	Co-requisites								
🖾 none	⊠ None		.	hours)					
			1 semester	62.5 hours					
Pasammandation	for Proparation								
N.A.									
Content and Educational Aims Many challenges of the ever-growing digitalization require creative approaches to complex solutions. In this course, these challenges will be regarded as entrepreneurial opportunities which can be assessed and potentially solved with an entrepreneurial approach. Due to the complex nature of many challenges, students will apply selective creative techniques, such as brainstorming, 6-3-5 or Walt-Disney, to dismantle problems, question potential solutions and finally develop entrepreneurial answers to these questions. By applying principles from entrepreneurship and critical decision making, students shall be enabled to discover alternative and transdisciplinary options to address challenges in various settings.									
Intended Learning Outcomes									
Upon completion of this module, students will be able to									
 Understand the essence of entrepreneurship Understand the principles of creativity in management Learn and apply different creativity techniques Assess various challenges through the lens of entrepreneurial principles Analyse and identify opportunities and solutions in a creative and systematic way 									
Indicative Literature									
Usability and Relationship to other Modules									
Examination Type: Module Examination									
Assessment Type: Presentation				Duration: 20 min Weight: 100%					
Scope: All intende	100Bitt 10070								

Completion: To pass this module, the examination has to be passed with at least 45%.

7.7 International Strategic Management

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	СР
International Strategic Management			CO-601	Year 2 (CORE)	7.5
Module Components					
Number	Name			Туре	СР
CO-601-A International Strategic Management				Lecture	5
СО-601-В	International Strategic Management - Seminar			Seminar	2.5
Module Coordinator Prof. Dr. Tilo Halaszovich	 Program Affiliation Internationa 	on I Business Administration (I	Mandatory Status Mandatory minor EIM Mandatory elective for IEM and IBA		
Entry Requirements			Frequency Annually	Forms of Lean Teaching	rning and
Pre-requisites ⊠ Introduction to	Co-requisites ⊠ None	Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills Academic writing skills	(Spring)	 Lecture (35 hours) Seminar (17.5 hours) Private Studies (135 hours) 	
International Business and	nd to nd	Good understanding of the principles of international management			
Introduction to Finance and Accounting			1 semester	WORKIOAD	

Recommendations for Preparation

Students should have developed a sound understanding of the principles of international management. In this advanced module, these principles are not repeated but are used as a basis. It is strongly recommended for all students to refresh their knowledge of the CHOICE module Introduction to International Business.

Content and Educational Aims

This module will explore the nature of strategy, the forces of competition and strategic decision-making in a globalized world. The module covers the principles of both business-level and corporate-level strategies in international organizations. It is designed to introduce a wide variety of modern strategy frameworks and methodologies, including methods of assessing the attractiveness of foreign markets, and the strength of competition, for understanding relative bargaining power, for anticipating competitors' actions, and for analyzing cost and value structures in global supply chains.

The lecture part of this module conveys the relevant concepts and theories of international strategic management in an interactive manner. In the seminar part, students will apply this knowledge to real world challenges in international strategic management.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of this module, students will be able to

- 1. identify and explain critical challenges in strategic management;
- 2. develop a sound understanding of the mechanisms behind international strategic assessments and planning processes;
- 3. evaluate and design strategies in international management, such as market selection or entry mode choices;
- 4. acquire and develop t additional knowledge and skills needed to support strategic decision making in international firms;
- 5. utilize analytical skills and apply relevant tools as required in the discipline.

Indicative Literature

Verbeke, A. (2013). International Business Strategy – 2nd edition. Cambridge: Cambridge: University Press.

Morschett, D., Schramm-Klein, H. & Zentes, J. (2015). Strategic International Management – 3rd edition. Wiesbaden: Springer Gabler.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

• This module prepares students for the Bachelor Thesis focusing on topics in international management

Examination Type: Module Examination Type: Term Paper

Length: 4.000 words Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module Completion: To pass this module, the examination has to be passed with at least 45%.
Module Name		Module Code	Level (type)	СР
Digital Transform	ation and Information Economy	CO-611	Year 2 (CORE)	5
Module Componen	ts			
Number	Name		Туре	СР
CO-611-A	Digital Transformation and Information Economy		Seminar	5
Module	Program Affiliation		Mandatory Stat	us
Prof. Dr. Christoph Lattemann	• International Business Administration (IB	A)	Mandatory for M minor in EIM Mandatory Elec IBA	IDDA and
Entry Requirements		Frequency	Forms of Lear Teaching	rning and
Pre-requisites Introduction to International Business and Introduction to	Co-requisites Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills ⊠ None Basic knowledge of management concepts and economics	Annually (Fall) t	 Lectures, case stud presentatio hours) Private Si hours) 	including dies and ons (35 tudy (90
Finance and		Duration	Workload	
Accounting		1 semester	125 hours	
Recommendations	for Preparation			
This module is bas	ed on the knowledge students acquired in the CHO	ICE modules during	g the first study	year.
Content and Educa	tional Aims			
Information is a key provides the basic content of this mo Commerce, and Ele	y resource in today's business operations and an imp s for making informed and effective business dec dule is located in the intersection of the Informatic ectronic Services.	portant tool for dec sisions in today's i on Economy, Elect	ision-making. Th nformation ecor ronic Business,	nis module nomy. The Electronic
The overall goal of processes in the in understand today's Further, students lo challenges in an IT	this module is to help students to learn, understand formation age. The "Digital Transformation and Info real-life challenges and problems and to explain o earn to develop and present innovative user-centered -driven world.	I and practice entre ormation Economy" complex problems d and theory-orient	epreneurial and module helps s coherently and ed solutions for	innovation tudents to concisely. real-world
The module is stro ideas of Service Do creation, through e distribution mecha	ngly based on the paradigm of user-centeredness, to ominant Logic. Service-dominant (S-D) logic is a me exchange, among configurations of actors. One und nism for co-created service provision.	the user centered ta-theoretical fram lerlying idea of S-I	design of service lework for explai) logic is that g	es and the ning value oods are a
In the information (applications and o and reciprocally be	age, these co-created services can be supported and devices). Hence, new technologies enable humans nefit from others' applied competences through serv	d enhanced throug to apply their com vice-for-service exc	n information teo petences to ben hange in a more	chnologies efit others advanced

7.8 Digital Transformation and Information Economy

Major challenges and concerns of the digital transformation and information economy will be reflected:

• the role of information in an information society

way.

- globalization & strategic business
- information infrastructure
- new theories and concepts (such as service dominant logic, customer integration, gamification, P2P)
- new applications (e.g. Web 2.0 and Industry 4.0, Facebook, Twitter, Google, eBay, WeChat,...)
- new business models
- ethics and security.

The module will enable students to collaborate across disciplines with experts in other areas (in particular Design and Engineering) and to apply knowledge in areas of expertise other than their own (thus building so called t-shaped people).

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of this module, students will be able to

- 1. describe the role of information in the internet economy and in the digital transformation;
- 2. summarize and classify the new Web 2.0 and Industry 4.0 technologies;
- 3. Indicate the economic and business rules in the information age;
- 4. develop practical knowledge and management skills for digital transformation;
- 5. develop broad global and strategic perspectives;
- 6. develop sensitivity to international social responsibility and public interest issues from various perspectives;
- 7. explain the "service dominant logic" (SDL) for business/entrepreneurial activities and the power of new technologies (e.g. IoT) for customer relationship management;
- 8. improve their oral communication, group and individual presentation skills;
- 9. work better as individuals, group members, and group leaders;
- 10. outline how business ethics are also applicable in the field of Information Systems and Management;
- 11. adapt to a new working culture based on a user-centricity, empathy, and playful testing.

Indicative Literature

- Brynjolfsson, E., McAfee, A. (2016). The Second Machine Age: Work, Progress, and Prosperity in a Time of Brilliant Technologies. New York: Norton & Company, ISBN-13: 978-0393350647, ISBN-10: 0393350649.
- Laudon, K. C., Traver, C.G., (2011). Management Information Systems Managing the Digital Firm (12th Edition). Upper Sadle River: Pearson; ISBN-10: 0-27-375453-X; ISBN-13: 978-0-27-375453-X.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

• This module prepares students who are interested in the consequences of digitization and creative problem solving for their independent studies in the Bachelor Thesis module

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Project Assessment (Group presentation)

Duration: 40 minutes Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes

7.9 Design Thinking, E-Business & E-Service

Module Na	ne		Module Code	Level (type)	СР
Design Thir	ıking, E-Business & E-Service	<u>)</u>	CO-612	Year 2 (CORE)	2.5
Module Cor	nponents		L		<u>, </u>
Number	Name	<u>}</u>		Туре	CP
CO-612-A	Design Thinking, E-B	usiness & E-Services		Seminar	2.5
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliation			Mandatory Stat	us
Coordinator				Mandatory for N	MDDA
Prof. Dr. C Lattemann	Internationa	I Business Administration (IB/	A)	Mandatory ele IBA	ective for
Entry Requireme	nts		Frequency	Forms of Lea Teaching	rning and
			Annually	Project Thinking	t Work
Pre-requisi	es Co-requisites Know	ledge, Abilities, or Skills	(Fall)	(Design Thinki hours)	ng) (17.5
⊠ Introdu	ction to None			 Private 	e Study
Business	and Basic	knowledge of management		(45 hours)	,
Introductio Finance	n to conce	epts and economics	Duration	Workload	
Accounting	and				
Microecono and	mics		1 semester	62.5 hours	
Macroecon	omics				
Recommen	dations for Preparation		<u></u>	<u></u>	
This modul	e is based on the knowledge s	students acquired in the CHOI	ICE modules durin	g the first study	year.
Content and	d Educational Aims				
This modu solutions fo	le helps students to improve r real-world challenges in a b	e their theoretical and practic susiness environment.	al skills in findin	g practical and	innovative
The Design Google, Sa Stanford ar	Thinking approach has rapio msung, and GE and the app nd Harvard.	dly been adopted by some of roach is being taught at leadi	the world's leadir ing universities ar	ng brands, such ound the world,	as Apple, including
Design Thi understand knowledge	nking is a human-focused, ing of the fundamental con in their professional work life	prototype-driven process for cepts of Design Thinking and.	innovation. Stud d will learn how	ents will develo to implement r	op a solid new found
Intended L	earning Outcomes				
By the end	of this module, students will	be able to			
1. ap	ply the fundamental concept	s of Design Thinking by workir	ng through a comp	lete innovation p	project
2. ur	derstand why Design Thinkin	g is relevant in an IT-driven w	orld.		
3. ap gr	ply ethnographic and analys oups and surveys	is methods, which differ from	n classical marke	t research, such	n as focus
4. in	itiate a new working culture b	ased on a user-centric approa	ch, empathy, and	playful testing	

- 5. apply early and fast prototyping as well as testing methods that will help reduce risks and accelerate organizational learning
- 6. work in a team of diverse people and in a diverse environment

Indicative Literature

Jakob Schneider und Marc Stickdorn (2010) This is Service Design Thinking: Basics, Tools, Cases; Consortium Book Sales & Dist; ISBN: 9063692560, 9789063692568

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

• This module prepares students who are interested in the consequences of digitization and creative problem solving for their independent studies in the Bachelor Thesis module

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Project Assessment (Group presentation)

Duration: 30 minutes Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes

7.10 Entrepreneurship and Innovation

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	СР
Entrepreneurship ar	Entrepreneurship and Innovation			Year 2 (CORE)	7.5
Module Component	S				
Number	Name			Туре	СР
CO-603-A	Entrepreneurshi	ip and Innovation		Seminar	7.5
Module	Program Affiliat	ion		Mandatory Statu	IS
Coordinator Prof. Dr. Sven	Internation	al Rusiness Administration	(IBA)	Mandatory for N minor in EIM	IDDA and
Voelpel	• memation	International Business Administration (IBA)			ctive for
Entry Requirements			Frequency	Forms of Lear Teaching	ning and
			Annually		
Pre-requisites	Co-requisites	Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills	(Spring)	 Seminar (5) Private Sti 	2.5 hours) udv (135
☑ Introduction to	⊠ None	None		hours)	
Business and					
Introduction to			Duration	Workload	
Accounting and			1 semester	187.5 hours	
Microeconomics					
Macroeconomics					
Recommendations f	or Preparation				
This module is based on the knowledge students acquired in the CHOICE modules during the first study year. For preparation, students should recall the topics related to innovation and financial planning.					
Contant and Educational Aims					

Content and Educational Aims

Innovation is the principal source of sustainable competitive advantage for firms around the world. However, building an organization that can successfully and repeatedly bring innovations to market is a daunting managerial challenge. This module will focus on the practices and processes managers use to manage innovation effectively. Over the semester, several aspects will be examined with regard to innovation: such as exploring, executing, leveraging and renewing innovation. The focus will be on entrepreneurial organizations. The module is designed to provide a deep grounding in the field of innovation for managers and entrepreneurs whose goal is to play a leading role in innovation-driven firms. The material moves between strategic issues (what should you do?) and organizational and managerial issues (how should you get it done?). The focus of the module is on exemplifying and experiencing the innovation process and implementation. Students have to develop business ideas and business plans. They will also be trained to present their business ideas in a pitch.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of this module, students will be able to

- 1. identify organizational, managerial and financial opportunities and challenges within businesses;
- 2. create value in terms of products and services while forming a business idea;
- 3. sell their ideas to investors using excellent oral and visual presentation skills;
- 4. transform theoretical knowledge into creative approaches while solving real-world problems;
- 5. evaluate the needs of innovation and initiate creative processes to expand businesses;
- 6. analyze markets and identify the best opportunities for the company formation;

Indicative Literature

Phillips, F., Libby, R., Libby P. (2015). Fundamentals of Financial Accounting, 5th Edition. New York: McGraw-Hill Education.

Fraser, L.M., Ormiston, A. (2015). Understanding Financial Statements, 11th Edition, London: Pearson.

Hisrich, R., Peters, M., Shepherd D (2017). Entrepreneurship & Innovation, 10th Edition, New York: McGraw-Hill.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

• This module prepares students who are interested in founding their own business or StartUp. As such the module can support students who would like to choose the StartUp – Option in the "Internship/ StartUp and Career Skills" module

Examination Type: Module Examination

Type: Presentation

Duration: 10 minutes

Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes

7.11 Marketing

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	СР			
Marketing			CO-604	Year 2 (CORE)	7.5			
Module Components	Module Components							
Number	Name			Туре	СР			
CO-604-A	Marketing			Lecture	5			
СО-604-В	Marketing - Se	eminar		Seminar	2.5			
Module Coordinator	Program Affilia	ation		Mandatory Statu	IS			
Prof. Dr. Tilo Halaszovich	• Internatio	nal Business Administration	n (IBA)	Mandatory elec and IBA	tive for GEM			
Entry Requirements			Frequency	Forms of L Teaching	earning and			
Pre-requisites	Co-	Knowledge Abilities or	Annually	Lecture (35	hours)			
☑ Introduction to International Business	requisites Skills ⊠ None Academic writing skills Interest in creative thinking	Skills	(Fall)	• Seminar (1	7.5 hours)			
		Academic writing skills Interest in creative		 Private S hours) 	tudies (135			
⊠Introduction to		thinking	Duration	Workload				
Accounting			1 semester	187.5 hours				
☑Microeconomics ☑Macroeconomics								
Recommendations for	Preparation							
Students can benefit f "Creative Problem Sol	rom prior knowl ving" unit.	edge in creativity technique	es and problem sol	ving strategies as	provided in the			
Content and Education	nal Aims							
The marketing concept is one of the most vital yet one of the most often misunderstood concepts in business management. Identifying target customers and their needs and developing products, services and brands designed to fulfill these needs is the major prerequisite for a successful business endeavor. Without being able to create relevant value for a well-defined group of target customers, a company will not operate successfully in the long run.								
This is an integrative and applications-oriented module in marketing planning and strategy. With a strong focus on customer-orientated marketing, the module spans across to main topics. Topic A covers the marketing environment, consumer behavior, market segmentation and positioning. In topic B the focus is shifted to the operational decision-making processes in marketing such as product, pricing, and distribution decisions.								
The main objective of this course is to provide students with a sound understanding of the basic marketing concepts and how they are applied in practice. Students will be able to analyze markets, competitors and customers and to define relevant markets and market segments. The lecture part of this module conveys the relevant concepts and theories on marketing management in an interactive manner. In the seminar part, students will apply this knowledge to real world challenges in marketing.								
Intended Learning Out	tcomes							

By the end of this module, students will be able to

- 1. identify, explain, and solve critical marketing challenges such as the impact of demographic change on consumer segments or the changing influence of market participants in social media;
- 2. develop a sound understanding of the mechanisms behind the marketing of branded goods and services;
- 3. connect theoretical knowledge and practical tools (e.g. online surveys) to explain and evaluate marketing strategies;
- 4. combine entrepreneurial spirit with marketing knowledge when creating and testing their marketing concepts;
- 5. utilize analytical skills and apply relevant tools as required in the discipline.

Indicative Literature

Kotler, P. & Keller, K.L. (2015). Marketing Management, Global Edition – 15th edition. London: Pearson.

Keegan, W.J. & Green, M. C. (2011). Global Marketing – 6th edition. London: Pearson.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

This module prepares students for the Bachelor Thesis focusing on topics in marketing

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Oral presentation + Presentation script submitted in a report form

Length: 30 min Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module

7.12 Organization and Human Resource Management

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	СР
Organization and Huma	In Resource M	M anagement	CO-605	Year 2 (CORE)	7.5
Module Components					
Number	Name			Туре	СР
CO-605-A	Organizatio	n and Human Resource		Seminar	5
CO-605-B	Organizatio	n and Human Resource - Tu	torial	Tutorial	2.5
Module Coordinator Program Affiliation				Mandatory Status	5
Prof. Dr. Tilo Halaszovich	• Interna	ational Business Administrat	ion (IBA)	Mandatory electi and IBA	ve for GEM
Entry Requirements			Frequency	Forms of Lea Teaching	rning and
 Pre-requisites Microeconomics and Macroeconomics 	Co- requisites ⊠ None	Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills Academic writing skills Basic understanding of business	Annually (Spring)	 Seminar (35 Tutorial (17) Private Str hours) 	i hours) 5 hours) udy (135
			Duration	Workload	
			1 semester	187.5 hours	

Recommendations for Preparation

Before the first session, students should read the short article by John Beeson "Five questions every leader should ask about organizational design", published in the Harvard Business Review, January 2014.

Content and Educational Aims

This module introduces students to fundamental concepts in organization theory, organizational behavior and human resource (HR) management, such as scientific management, the human relations school, learning, motivation, or turnover. It transmits an overview of organization theories and the history of managerial thought, as well as central concepts for diagnosing and shaping organizations, and the basic functions of human resource (HR) management. The module relies on project-based instruction and trains the students' capacity to communicate their organizational analysis and recommendations. The seminar introduces the concepts students need to know and work with in order to present a successful work at the end of the term. In the tutorials, students train their research and presentation skills and further integrate the material taught in the seminar via group discussions of concepts, case study problems, and guest lectures by practitioners in order to reflect upon their own work.

This module transmits fundamental knowledge of organizations applied to a diversity of fields and sectors. Knowledge of organization theories and organizational behavior are fundaments of undergraduate studies in the field of management. With its didactic focus on communication skills as conveyors of knowledge in organizational analysis, this module provides our students with a solid preparation to their future professional responsibilities. Finally, understanding organizational dynamics and behavior in organizations further enables students to become responsible managers with an eye for the consequences of their decisions for the people they work with.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of this module, students will be able to

- 1. label fundamental dimensions of organizational analysis and HRM;
- 2. deduce organizational problems based on complementary dimensions;
- 3. infer solutions to organizational problems through a team effort;
- 4. predict and discuss the influence of organizational decisions on people;
- 5. practice research and presenting as ways to plan for and communicate organizational development issues.

Indicative Literature

Grey, C. (2017). A very short, fairly interesting and reasonably cheap book about studying organizations - 4th edition. Thousand Oaks: Sage.

Morgan, G. (2006). Images of organization. Thousand Oaks: Sage.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

 This module builds on the knowledge acquired in the first-year modules "Introduction to International Business" and expands students' understanding of how businesses are run by focusing on the design of organizations, work and the management of human resource. This module benefits from the contents taught in its accompanying module "Marketing" as the combination of the two modules places the management of organizational structures into the perspective of the firm's market positioning. This module provides knowledge that is required for the third-year GEM modules "Information Economics" and "Managing Public and Nonprofit Organizations".

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Presentation

Duration: 45 minutes

Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module

7.13 Lean Management

Madula Nama			Madula Cada	Level (hume)	CD	
Lean Management			CA-S-IBA-801	Year 3 (Specialization)	5	
Module Componer	nts					
Number	Name			Туре	СР	
CA-IBA-801	Lean Manageme	nt		Lecture	5	
Module Coordinator Prof. DrIng. Steffen Christoph Eickemeyer	 Program Affiliation International Business Administration (IBA) 			Mandatory Status Mandatory elective for GEM and IBA		
Entry Requirements			Frequency	Forms of L Teaching	earning and	
Pre-requisites ⊠ Major in IBA or GEM	Co-requisites ⊠ None	Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills None.	Annually (Fall)	Lecture (35Private Stud	hours) y (90 hours)	
			Duration 1 semester	Workload		

Recommendations for Preparation

Before the first session, students should familiarize themselves with Sanjay Bhasin (2015), Lean Management Beyond Manufacturing, A Holistic Approach. Springer; McAfee, A. & Brynjolfsson, E. (2012), "Big Data: The Management Revolution," Harvard Business Review, 1-9; Ustundag, A. & Cevikcan, E. (2017) Industry 4.0: Managing The Digital Transformation. Springer; Winkelhake, U.(2018) The Digital Transformation of the Automotive Industry. Springer.

Content and Educational Aims

The module engages with lean production and lean management. Articles are used to highlight issues scientists and managers are confronted with in practice and theory. Special emphasis is given to developing an understanding of how companies, especially production companies, are formed and shaped by ideas and concepts.

Furthermore, this module examines the nature of organizations in a changing context and applies theories and strategies for managing change in a business environment. The module also engages in key issues affecting business life, focusing on production analysis. Topics include change management and time management. The target is to develop an understanding of the phenomenon of change and the factors that facilitate and hinder it.

The lecture should familiarize students with the "lean philosophy." Students learn the success factors of lean management, lean organization, and lean office culture. They should be able to understand and apply the underlying methods. In addition, they deal critically with the application limits of lean management.

The course also stimulates students' interest in exploring these topics further, for continued research and thesis work. The overall objective is to provide students with an explicit lean management-based mindset and a set of conceptual, analytical, and practical tools with which to come to terms with related contemporary topics such as industry 4.0, so that students should be able to challenge and improve existing practices and theories.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of this module, students will be able to

- 1. illustrate an understanding of contemporary topics in lean management relating to theories, models, research methods and industrial applications;
- 2. analyze published journal articles in the field of lean management and apply these theories to real-world cases;
- 3. use the basics of production management and lean office culture;
- 4. choose and use the right lean principles;
- 5. develop a sensibility for the phenomenon of change and the factors that facilitate or hinder it;
- 6. discuss strategies for managing change in an industrial environment;
- 7. explain tips and tricks for application and implementation;
- 8. practice industry-relevant behavior in their careers.

Indicative Literature

Bhasin, S. (2015). Lean management beyond manufacturing. New York: Springer.

Charron, R. et al. (2014). The lean management systems handbook. New York: Productivity Press.

Jones, E. (2014). Quality management for organizations using lean six sigma techniques. Boca Raton: CRC press.

Nicholas, J. (2018). Lean production for competitive advantage: a comprehensive guide to lean methodologies and management practices. New York: Productivity Press.

Paksoy, T., Weber, G.-H., Huber, S. (2019). Lean and Green Supply Chain Management. Berlin: Springer.

Yasuhiro, M., Yoshiteru, M. (ed.) (2015). Lean management of global supply chain. Singapore: World Scientific.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

Examination Type: Module Examination Assessment Type: Presentation

Duration: 40 minutes Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module Completion: To pass this module, the examination has to be passed with at least 45%.

7.14 Managerial Accounting

Module Name			Module Code	l evel (type)	CP	
Managerial Accounting			CA-S-IBA-802	Year 3 (CAREER- Specialization)	5	
Module Componer	nts					
Number	Name			Туре	СР	
CA-IBA-802	Managerial Accou	Managerial Accounting			5	
Module Coordinator Prof. Dr. Andreas Seebeck	 Program Affiliation International Business Administration (IBA) 			Mandatory Status Mandatory elective for GEM and IBA		
Entry Requirements Pre-requisites	Co-requisites	Knowledge, Abilities, or	Frequency Annually	Forms of Lear Teaching • Lecture (35	ning and	
⊠ Major in IBA or GEM	⊠ None	Skills None	(Fall)	 Private Stu hours) 	dies (90	
			Duration 1 semester	Workload 125 hours		

Recommendations for Preparation

Students are expected to refresh their knowledge obtained from the module "Introduction to Finance and Accounting".

Content and Educational Aims

The module aims to provide an overview and understanding of frontline topics in managerial accounting. The purpose is also to deepen students' understanding and stimulate their interest in exploring these topics further. The overall objective is to provide students with an explicit set of conceptual, analytical, and practical tools with which to come to terms with contemporary accounting issues, thus enabling them to challenge and improve existing practices and theories.

The module covers a set of accounting topics that (a) are important in contemporary businesses, from both a theoretical and practical point of view, and (b) have not received extensive coverage in previous modules.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of this module, students will be able to

- 1. understand cost classifications used for assigning costs to cost objects and preparing financial statements
- 2. prepare income statements using the traditional and contribution formats illustrate an understanding of contemporary topics in accounting relating to theories, models, and research methods, such as the differences between national accounting principles and their implications for international firms;
- 3. apply overhead cost to jobs using a predetermined overhead rateanalyze published journal articles in the field of accounting;
- 4. compute the total cost and the unit product cost of a job
- 5. understand the flow of costs in a job-order costing system and prepare appropriate journal entries and T-accounts to record costs

- 6. discuss contemporary accounting phenomena and practices as outlined in academic and professional publications;
- 7. understand the basic approach in activity-based costing and how it differs from conventional costing
- 8. apply contemporary accounting practices to real-world challenges.
- 9. assign costs to units and prepare a cost reconciliation report using the weighted-average method
- 10. explain how changes in activity affect contribution margin and net operating income
- 11. determine the break-even point, the level of sales needed to achieve a desired target profit, and the margin of safety and explain their significance
- 12. prepare different types of budgets
- 13. compute different performance measures

Indicative Literature

Garrison, R., Noreen E. and Brewer P. (2020). Managerial Accounting, 17th Ed. New York: MacGraw-Hill.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Term paper

Duration: 2500 words Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module Completion: To pass this module, the examination has to be passed with at least 45%.

7.15 Contemporary Topics in Marketing

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	CP
Contemporary Topics in Marketing			CA-S-IBA-803	Year 3 (CAREER- Specialization)	5
Module Component	S				•
Number	Name			Туре	СР
CA-IBA-803	Contemporary T	Contemporary Topics in Marketing			5
Module Coordinator Prof. Dr. Tilo Halaszovich	Program Affiliat Internation	 Program Affiliation International Business Administration (IBA) 			ective for NDDA
Entry Requirements			Frequency	Forms of Lea Teaching	arning and
Pre-requisites	Co-requisites	Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills	Annually (Spring)	 Seminar (3 Private St hours) 	5 hours) tudies (90
GEM		Marketing	Duration 1 semester	Workload 125 hours	
Recommendations	for Preparation				

It is recommended that students chose the "Marketing" module in their second year to gain in-depth knowledge of basic marketing concepts prior to this specialization. Students should at least familiarize themselves with basic marketing concepts as outlined in the syllabus of the "Marketing" module.

Content and Educational Aims

The module aims to provide an overview and understanding of frontline topics in marketing. The purpose is also to stimulate interest in a further exploration of these topics, for continued research and thesis work. The overall objective is to provide students with an explicit marketing-based mindset and a set of conceptual, analytical, and practical tools with which to come to terms with contemporary marketing issues, thus enabling them to challenge and improve existing practices and theories.

The module covers a set of marketing topics that (a) are important in contemporary marketing, from both a theoretical and practical point of view, and (b) have not received extensive coverage in previous marketing-related modules.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of this module, students should be able to

- 1. illustrate an understanding of contemporary topics in marketing relating to theories, models, research methods and empirical phenomena;
- 2. analyze and assess published journal articles in the field of marketing;
- 3. discuss contemporary marketing phenomena and practices;
- 4. design an adequate empirical research approach for an analysis of a contemporary topic in marketing.

Indicative Literature

Hanlon, A. (2019). Digital Marketing - Strategic Planning & Integration. Thousand Oakes: Sage.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Term paper

Length: 2500 words Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module

7.16 Advanced Econometrics

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	СР
Advanced Econometrics			CA-S-GEM-801	Year 3 (Specialization)	5
Module Componer	nts				
Number	Name			Туре	СР
CA-GEM-801	Advanced Econo	metrics		Seminar	5
Module Coordinator Prof. Dr. Colin Vance	 Program Affiliation Global Economics and Management (GEM) 			Mandatory Status Mandatory electiv IBA and MDDA	s ve for GEM,
Entry Requirements Pre-requisites	Co-requisites	Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills	Frequency Annually (Fall)	Forms of Lea Teaching • Seminar (35	ning and hours)
⊠ Major in IBA or GEM ⊠ "Econometrics"	⊠ None	Notions of substantive versus statistical significance Basic knowledge of econometrics Academic writing skills	Duration 1 semester	Nours) Workload 125 hours	

Recommendations for Preparation

Students prepare best for this module by reading Edward Leamer's seminal article "Let's take the con out of Econometrics," published in the American Economic Review in 1983. The article covers many of the key issues that econometricians still grapple with today, such as whether randomization is essential.

Content and Educational Aims

The goal of this module is to build on the knowledge acquired in the "Econometrics" module, covering select advanced concepts of regression analysis as it applies to empirical social science research. The prime learning objective is to understand different approaches of secondary data analysis, where and how to apply particular econometric estimators, and their limitations. Particular emphasis will be placed on identifying exogenous sources of variation and methods for identifying causal relationships between variables. The class will also cover some of the opportunities and pitfalls associated with the analysis of "big data", drawing on current examples and available data. Textbook-based lectures ensure the transmission of the necessary knowledge. Exercises in class further promote the students' capacity to differentiate and debate the merits of alternative econometric techniques for testing particular hypotheses.

This module aims at consolidating students' command of econometrics and related statistical techniques. A command of econometrics constitutes an important fundament for undergraduate studies in the fields of economics and helps students to critically appraise scientific statements about causality in many situations, including professional settings. This module helps students to assess and criticize econometric findings in academic papers and promotes their capacity to differentiate between bias and statistical precision in interpreting their own econometric results.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of this module, students will be able to

- 1. identify the econometric method appropriate to specific data types;
- 2. implement the method using R-software and interpret the results;
- 3. design a research project that applies an econometric model to secondary data;
- 4. write a term paper that develops a thesis, derives a testable hypothesis, presents results, and draws conclusions;
- 5. articulate model results in terms that a lay person can understand;
- 6. discriminate between the notions of "economic significance" and "statistical significance".

Indicative Literature

Angrist, J. D., Pischke, J. S. (2014). Mastering metrics: The path from cause to effect. Princeton University Press.

Antonakis, J., Bendahan, S., Jacquart, P. Lalive, R. (2010). On making causal claims: A review and recommendations. The Leadership Quarterly, 21(6): 1086-1120.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

• This module builds on the second-year methods module "Econometrics", as well as on models and topics from the first-year modules "Microeconomics" and "Macroeconomics" and from the second-year modules "Environmental and Resource Economics" and "Development Economics". The module expands students' understandings of econometrics beyond the introductiory level towards advanced techniques and applications.

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Term Paper

Length: 2.500 words Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module

7.17 Managing Public and Nonprofit Organizations

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	СР
Managing Public Nonprofit Organizations			CA-S-GEM-802	Year 3 (Specialization)	5
Module Compo	nents				
Number	Name		Туре	СР	
CA-GEM-802	Managing F	Public and Nonprofit O	Seminar	5	
Module Coordinator Prof. Dr. Tilo Halaszovich	 Program Affiliation Global Economics and Management (GEM) 			Mandatory Status Mandatory elective for GEM and	I IBA
Entry Requirements	<u> </u>	Knowledge	Frequency Annually (Spring)	Forms of Learning and Teaching Seminar (35 hours) Private study (90 hours)	ŗ
⊠ Major in IBA or GEM	requisites	Abilities, or Skills None.	Duration 1 semester	Workload 125 hours	

Recommendations for Preparation

Students should read the paper "If apples were oranges: the public/nonprofit/business nexus in Peter Drucker's work" by Guy and Hitchcock, published in 2000 in the Journal of Management History (vol. 6, issue 1).

Content and Educational Aims

This module transmits state-of-the-art knowledge on management theories of organizations in the public and nonprofit sectors. Specifically, the module helps students distinguishing sectoral differences more clearly, as well as the challenges that arise at the interplay of sectors, for example when business firms contract with government, or when governments outsource service provision to nonprofit organizations in the face of policy problems than cannot be solved by markets or governments alone. A particular focus is therefore put on (i) contrasting topics of organization, strategic management and marketing, and their applicability to nonprofit and public organizations (e.g., income generation, purpose, public service motivation, or decision-making), and on (ii) deciphering the cross-sectoral implications of institutional change in society and markets.

With its didactic focus on presenting and communication skills as conveyors of knowledge, this module provides our students with a solid preparation to their future professional responsibilities. Finally, understanding dynamics in cross-sector settings further enables students to become responsible managers with an eye for the consequences of their decisions for the broader organizational fields they will work in.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of this module, students will be able to

1. differentiate among the interests and main challenges of the three sectors at play in societies and markets;

- 2. label and discuss the fundamental distinctive dimensions of public and nonprofit organizations;
- 3. articulate the managerial challenges of managing public organizations and nonprofits compared to private firms;
- 4. infer solutions to cross-sector problems in real case situations;
- 5. explain the notion of institutional change from the perspectives of economics, management and organization theory
- 6. practice field research and present the results as a way to plan for and communicate solutions to problems typical of public or nonprofit organizations.

Indicative Literature

Anheier, H. K. (2014). Nonprofit organizations. Theory, management, policy. London: Routledge.

Rainey, H. G. (2014). Understanding and managing public organizations, fifth ed. San Francisco: Jossey Bass.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

• This module builds on models and topics from the first-year modules "Introduction to International Business" and "Introduction to Finance and Accounting" and all second-year GEM modules. The purpose is to widen the application scope of the general management theories and concepts taught in the program and to stimulate interest in career paths that reach beyond the corporate world and business sector.

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Presentation

Duration: 30 minutes Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module

7.18 Information Economics

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	CP	
Information Econo	Information Economics			Year 3 (Specialization)	5	
Module Componer	nts					
Number	Name			Туре	СР	
CA-GEM-803	Information Ecor	Information Economics			5	
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliatio	Program Affiliation			Mandatory Status	
Prof. Dr. Gert Brunekreeft	Global Econe	omics and Management (GE	M)	Mandatory electiv and IBA	ve for GEM	
Entry Requirements			Frequency	Forms of Lear Teaching	rning and	
			Annually	• Seminar (35	hours)	
Pre-requisites	Co-requisites	Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills	(Spring)	 Private St 	udy (90	
⊠ Major in IBA or GEM	⊠ None	Writing skills	Duration	Workload		
		Logical and causality- based reasoning	1 semester	Total: 125 hours		

Recommendations for Preparation

Students prepare best for this module by reviewing their notes and material from first-year modules in Microeconomics and Macroeconomics.

Content and Educational Aims

This module relies on applied microeconomics and policy analysis in the field of information economics. The module aims to transmit skills in the application of theory to analyze real-world cases. The topics to be covered are the microeconomics of information, competition policy, economics of regulation, network externalities, and the economics of standards, including new technological developments. Case studies will focus on network industries like energy markets, telecommunications, and internet. The module introduces the concepts and theories students need to know and work with in order to submit a successful paper at the end of the term. The students further integrate the subject matter taught in the seminar in group discussions of concepts and case study problems.

Intended Learning Outcomes

Upon completion of this module, students will be able to

- 1. distinguish among the key theoretical dimensions of information economics;
- 2. apply microeconomics to analyze real-world cases in information economics;
- 3. appraise examples of economic policies in information economics;
- 4. assess and discuss key arguments in current debates on information;

5. reflect on what constitutes a clear concise piece of academic writing.

Indicative Literature

Varian, H.R. (2010). Intermediate microeconomics – a modern approach, 8th Edition. Norton & Company.

Cabral, L. M. B. (2002). Chapter 17: Networks and Standards, in: Introduction to industrial organization. Cambridge MA: The MIT Press.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

• This module builds on models and topics from the first-year modules "Microeconomics" and "Macroeconomics" and from the second-year modules "Environmental and Resource Economics" and "International Economics". The module expands students' understanding of these disciplines towards an in-depth exploration of the economic analysis and implications of networks and related industries and technologies.

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Term paper words

Length: 2.500-3.000

Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module Completion: To pass this module, the examination has to be passed with at least 45%.

7.19 Financial Data Analytics

<u>Module Name</u>		<u>Module Code</u>		Level (type)	<u>CP</u>
Financial Data A	Analytics	CA-S-MDDA-801		Year 3 (Specialization)	5
Module Compon	ents			•	
Number	Name			Туре	СР
CA-MDDA-801	Financial Data Analytics			Seminar	5
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliation			Mandatory Status	I
Prof. Dr. Andreas Seebeck	Management, Decisions and Data Analytics (MDDA)			Mandatory elect GEM, IBA and MI	ive for DDA
Entry Requirements			Frequency	Forms of Learni Teaching	ng and
Pre-requisites Co-requisites Knowledge, A Basic ⊠ Major in⊠ none Accounti MDDA, IBA or GEM		Abilities, or Skills Concepts of ing and Finance	Annually (Fall)	 Seminar hours) Private S (90 hour) 	(35 Studies rs)
			Duration	Workload	
			1 semester	125 hours	
Recommendatio	ons for Preparation				
Students are e Accounting". Pa statement of cas	xpected to refresh their knowled articularly, they should be able to sh flows. Moreover, they should be	dge obtained from o create and expla e able to perform til	n the module "Intro in the income stater me value of money c	oduction to Finar ment, balance she alculations.	ice and eet, and
Content and Edu	ucational Aims				
The course aims the world and to	s to allow participants to analyze f show the links between accounting	inancial and non-fi ng statements, valu	nancial disclosure of lation methods and i	corporations from nvestment analysis	around s.
Students will lea will learn how to they will gain ex methods. Throu approaches to a	arn to extract information from stru o use the SEC EDGAR website and operience in analyzing financial da ghout the course, students will nalyze real world financial problem	uctured and unstruct l other databases for ta using modern da gain hands-on exp ns.	ctured financial state or financial statemen ata and text mining a perience in the use	ements. For instan t analysis purpose approaches and st of data and text	ce, they s. Next, atistical mining
Finally, students evaluating the q	s will gain an understanding of thuality of financial statements.	e limitations of fina	ancial statement ana	lysis and the metl	nods for
Intended Learni	ng Outcomes				
By the end of th	is module, students will be able to	0			
1. calcula	te and use accounting ratios				
2. extract	decision-relevant information from	n quantitative and	qualitative disclosure	e	
3. conduc	ct an analysis of corporate strategy	and link this to th	e company's financia	al performance.	
4. identif	y and apply the tools of financial s	statement analysis,	including appropriat	e technology	
5. integra technology	te and apply finance and acco	ounting concepts f	for valuation analys	is, including app	ropriate
6. apply a	a set of diagnostics to assess the q	luality of the accou	nting in financial sta	tements	
L					

Indicative Literature

Subramanyam, K. R. (2014). Financial statement analysis. Không nhà xuất bản.

Yam, P., Cheung, K. C., Fan, K., & Chen, Y. (2023). Financial Data Analytics with Machine Learning, Optimization and Statistics. United Kingdom: Wiley.

Ou, J. A., & Penman, S. H. (1989). Financial statement analysis and the prediction of stock returns. Journal of Accounting and Economics, 11(4), 295-329.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Term paper

Length: 2500 words Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module. Completion: To pass this module, the assessment has to be passed with at least 45%.

7.20 Internship / Startup and Career Skills

Module Name	Module Name		Module Code	Level (type)	СР
Internship / Startup and Career Skills			CA-INT-900	Year 3 (CAREER)	15
Module Componer	nts				
Number	Name			Туре	CP
CA-INT-900-0	Internship			Internship	15
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliation			Mandatory Status	
Sinah Vogel & Dr. Tanja Woebs (CSC Organization); SPC / Faculty Startup Coordinator (Academic responsibility)	CAREER mc	dule for undergraduate stud	y programs	Mandatory for al study programs	l undergraduate except IEM
Entry Requirements			Frequency	Forms of Learnir	ig and Teaching
Pre-requisites	Co-requisites	Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills	Annually (Spring/Fall)	Internship/S	Start-up
I at least 15 CP from CORE modules in the major	⊠ None	 Information provided on CSC pages (see below) Major specific knowledge and skills 		 Seminars, workshops events Self-study, tutorials 	info-sessions, and career readings, online
		5	Duration	Workload	
			1 semester	375 Hours cons	isting of:
				• Internship (308 hours)
				Workshops	(33 hours)
				Internship E	Event (2 hours)
				• Self-study (32 hours)
Recommendation	s for Preparation				

- Please see the section "Knowledge Center" at JobTeaser Career Center for information on Career Skills seminar and workshop offers and for online tutorials on the job market preparation and the application process. For more information, please see https://constructor.university/student-life/career-services
- Participating in the internship events of earlier classes

Content and Educational Aims

The aims of the internship module are reflection, application, orientation, and development: for students to reflect on their interests, knowledge, skills, their role in society, the relevance of their major subject to society, to apply these skills and this knowledge in real life whilst getting practical experience, to find a professional orientation, and to develop their personality and in their career. This module supports the programs' aims of preparing students for gainful, qualified employment and the development of their personality.

The full-time internship must be related to the students' major area of study and extends lasts a minimum of two consecutive months, normally scheduled just before the 5th semester, with the internship event and submission of the internship report in the 5th semester. Upon approval by the SPC and SCS, the internship may take place at other times, such as before teaching starts in the 3rd semester or after teaching finishes in the 6th semester. The Study Program Coordinator or their faculty delegate approves the intended internship a priori by reviewing the tasks in either the Internship Contract or Internship Confirmation from the respective internship institution or company. Further regulations as set out in the Policies for Bachelor Studies apply.

Students will be gradually prepared for the internship in semesters 1 to 4 through a series of mandatory information sessions, seminars, and career events.

The purpose of the Career Services Information Sessions is to provide all students with basic facts about the job market in general, and especially in Germany and the EU, and services provided by the Student Career Support.

In the Career Skills Seminars, students will learn how to engage in the internship/job search, how to create a competitive application (CV, Cover Letter, etc.), and how to successfully conduct themselves at job interviews and/or assessment centers. In addition to these mandatory sections, students can customize their skill set regarding application challenges and their intended career path in elective seminars.

Finally, during the Career Events organized by the Career Service Center (e.g. the annual Constructor Career Fair and single employer events on and off campus), students will have the opportunity to apply their acquired job market skills in an actual internship/job search situation and to gain their desired internship in a high-quality environment and with excellent employers.

As an alternative to the full-time internship, students can apply for the StartUp Option. Following the same schedule as the full-time internship, the StartUp Option allows students who are particularly interested in founding their own company to focus on the development of their business plan over a period of two consecutive months. Participation in the StartUp Option depends on a successful presentation of the student's initial StartUp idea. This presentation will be held at the beginning of the 4th semester. A jury of faculty members will judge the student's potential to realize their idea and approve the participation of the students. The StartUp Option is supervised by the Faculty StartUp Coordinator. At the end of StartUp Option, students submit their business plan. Further regulations as outlined in the Policies for Bachelor Studies apply.

The concluding Internship Event will be conducted within each study program (or a cluster of related study programs) and will formally conclude the module by providing students the opportunity to present on their internships and reflect on the lessons learned within their major area of study. The purpose of this event is not only to self-reflect on the whole internship process, but also to create a professional network within the academic community, especially by entering the Alumni Network after graduation. It is recommended that all three classes (years) of the same major are present at this event to enable networking between older and younger students and to create an educational environment for younger students to observe the "lessons learned" from the diverse internships of their elder fellow students.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of this module, students will be able to

- 1. describe the scope and the functions of the employment market and personal career development;
- 2. apply professional, personal, and career-related skills for the modern labor market, including selforganization, initiative and responsibility, communication, intercultural sensitivity, team and leadership skills, etc.;

- 3. independently manage their own career orientation processes by identifying personal interests, selecting appropriate internship locations or start-up opportunities, conducting interviews, succeeding at pitches or assessment centers, negotiating related employment, managing their funding or support conditions (such as salary, contract, funding, supplies, work space, etc.);
- 4. apply specialist skills and knowledge acquired during their studies to solve problems in a professional environment and reflect on their relevance in employment and society;
- 5. justify professional decisions based on theoretical knowledge and academic methods;
- 6. reflect on their professional conduct in the context of the expectations of and consequences for employers and their society;
- 7. reflect on and set their own targets for the further development of their knowledge, skills, interests, and values;
- 8. establish and expand their contacts with potential employers or business partners, and possibly other students and alumni, to build their own professional network to create employment opportunities in the future;
- 9. discuss observations and reflections in a professional network.

Indicative Literature

Not specified

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

• This module applies skills and knowledge acquired in previous modules to a professional environment and provides an opportunity to reflect on their relevance in employment and society. It may lead to thesis topics.

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Internship Report or Business Plan and Reflection

Scope: All intended learning outcomes

Length: approx. 3.500 words Weight: 100%

7.21 Bachelor Thesis and Seminar

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	CP	
Bachelor Thesis and Seminar IBA			CA-IBA-800	Year 3 (CAREER)	15	
Module Components						
Number	Name			Туре	СР	
CA-IBA-800-T	Thesis IBA			Thesis	12	
CA-IBA-800-S	Thesis Seminar	Thesis Seminar IBA			3	
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliation			Mandatory Status		
Study Program Chair	All undergraduate programs			Mandatory for all undergraduate programs		
Entry Requirements			Frequency	Forms of Lear Teaching	rning and	
Pre-requisites Students must have taken and	Co-requisites ⊠ None	Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills Comprehensive knowledge of the subject	Annually (Spring)	 Self-study/la (350 hours) Seminars (2) 	b work 5 hours)	
successfully passed a total of at least 30 CP from advanced modules, and of those, at least 20 CP from advanced modules in the major	cessfullyand deeper insight intosed a total ofthe chosen topic;least 30 CPability to plan andn advancedundertakedules, and ofindependently;se, at leastskills to identify andCP fromcriticallyancedliterature.dules in thejor		Duration 14-week lecture period	Workload 375 hours		

Recommendations for Preparation

• Identify an area or a topic of interest and discuss this with your prospective supervisor in a timely manner.

• Create a research proposal including a research plan to ensure timely submission.

• Ensure you possess all required technical research skills or are able to acquire them on time.

• Review the University's Code of Academic Integrity and Guidelines to Ensure Good Academic Practice.

Content and Educational Aims

This module is a mandatory graduation requirement for all undergraduate students to demonstrate their ability to address a problem from their respective major subject independently by using academic/scientific methods within a time frame. Although supervised, this module requires students to be able to work independently and systematically and set their own goals in exchange for the opportunity to explore a topic that excites and interests them personally and that a faculty member is interested in supervising. Within this module, students apply their acquired knowledge about their major discipline, and their learned skills, and methods for conducting research, ranging from the identification of suitable (short-term) research projects, preparatory literature searches, the realization of discipline-specific research, and the documentation, discussion, interpretation, and communication of the results.

This module consists of two components, an independent thesis and an accompanying seminar. The thesis component must be supervised by a Constructor University faculty member and requires short-term research work, the results of which must be documented in a comprehensive written thesis including an introduction, a justification of the methods, results, a discussion of the results, and a conclusion. The seminar provides students

with the opportunity to practice their ability to present, discuss, and justify their and other students' approaches, methods, and results at various stages of their research in order to improve their academic writing, receive and reflect on formative feedback, and therefore grow personally and professionally.

Intended Learning Outcomes

On completion of this module, students will be able to

- 1. independently plan and organize advanced learning processes;
- 2. design and implement appropriate research methods, taking full account of the range of alternative techniques and approaches;
- 3. collect, assess, and interpret relevant information;
- 4. draw scientifically-founded conclusions that consider social, scientific, and ethical factors;
- 5. apply their knowledge and understanding to a context of their choice;
- 6. develop, formulate, and advance solutions to problems and debates within their subject area, and defend these through argument;
- 7. discuss information, ideas, problems, and solutions with specialists and non-specialists.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

• This module builds on all previous modules in the undergraduate program. Students apply the knowledge, skills, and competencies they have acquired and practiced during their studies, including research methods and their ability to acquire additional skills independently as and if required.

Examination Type: Module Component Examinations

Module Component 1: Thesis Assessment type: Thesis Scope: All intended learning outcomes, mainly 1-6. Weight: 80%

Module Component 2: Seminar

Assessment type: Presentation

Duration: approx. 15 to 30 minutes

Length: approx. 6.000 - 8.000 words (15 - 25

pages), excluding front and back matter.

Weight: 20%

Scope: The presentation focuses mainly on ILOs 6 and 7, but by nature of these ILOs it also touches on the others.

Completion: To pass this module, both module component examinations have to be passed with at least 45%.

Two separate assessments are justified by the size of this module and the fact that the justification of solutions to problems and arguments (ILO 6) and discussion (ILO 7) should at least have verbal elements. The weights of the types of assessments are commensurate with the sizes of the respective module components.

8 CONSTRUCTOR Track Modules

8.1 Methods Modules

8.1.1 Applied Calculus

Module Name Applied Calculus			Module Code CTMS-MAT-08	Level (type) Year 1	CP 5	
Module Compo	nents			(Methods)		
Number	Name			Туре		
CTMS-08	Applied Calculus			Lecture (in presence / online)	5	
Module Coordinator N.N.	Program AffiliationCONSTRUCTOR	R Track Area		Mandatory Status Mandatory for GE IEM and MDDA	M, IBA,	
Entry Requirements Pre-requisites ⊠ None	Co-requisites Kn ⊠ None •	owledge, Abilities, or Skills Knowledge of Mathematics at high school level (Functions, graphs of functions, linear and polynomial functions, logarithms and exponential function, basic trigonometric functions, elementary methods for solving systems of linear and nonlinear equations) Some familiarity with elementary calculus (limits, derivatives) is helpful, but not required.	Frequency Annually (Fall) Duration 1 semester	Forms of Learni Teaching Lectures (35) Private study hours) Workload 125 hours 	ng and hours) (90	
Recommendations for Preparation						

None.

Content and Educational Aims

This module is an introduction to Calculus for students in life sciences, applied engineering, humanities and social science majors. It gives a broad overview of the methods of Calculus, putting more emphasis on applications, rather than on mathematical rigor. Most of the concepts and methods are backed up by examples from chemistry, biology, economics and/or other sciences. In this module students enhance both their quantitative problem-solving skills as well as their conceptual understanding of mathematical methods.

The lecture comprises the following topics:

• Brief review of elementary functions and their graphs

- Intuitive understanding of limits; horizontal and vertical asymptotes
- Derivatives and their computation
- Applications of derivatives (interpretation of derivatives, their units, local linear approximation, error propagation, optimization problems)
- Brief introduction to functions of several variables, partial derivatives, local minima and maxima
- Integrals and their computation
- Applications of integrals (accumulated change, average value, applications in probability: density functions and cumulative distribution functions)
- Brief introduction to differential equations.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of the module, students will be able to

- 1. apply the fundamental concepts of Calculus in structured situations;
- 2. command the methods described in the content section of this module description to the extent that they can solve standard text-book problems reliably and with confidence;
- 3. explain importance of the methods of Calculus in problems arising from applications;
- 4. understand the methods of Calculus, used in other modules, as well as in scientific literature.

Indicative Literature

D. Hughes-Hallett, A. Gleason, P. Lock, D. Flath, et al. (2010/2013). Applied Calculus, 4th or 5th edition. Hoboken: Wiley.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- The module serves as preparation for the 2nd year IEM CORE module Operations Research.
- This serves as preparation for the 1st year GEM and IBA modules Microeconomics, Macroeconomics and Introduction to Finance and Accounting
- A mathematically rigorous treatment of Calculus is provided in the module "Analysis I".
- The first year modules Calculus and Elements of Linear Algebra I+II can be used in place of the modules Applied Calculus and Finite Mathematics, respectively, to satisfy the graduation requirements in majors in which they are mandatory.

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment type: Written examination

Duration: 120 min Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of this module

8.1.2 Applied Statistics with R

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	СР	
Applied Statistics with R			CTMS-MET- 03	Year 1 (Methods)	5	
Module Components Number	Name			Туре	СР	
CTMS-03	Applied Statist	tics with R		Lecture & Lab (in presence / online)	5	
Prof. Dr. Adalbert F.X. Wilhelm				Mandatory for ESSMER, GEM, IEM, ISCP and MDDA Mandatory elective for IBA and IRPH		
Entry Requirements Pre-requisites ⊠ None	Co-requisites ⊠ None	Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills none	Frequency Annually (Spring) Duration 1 semester	Forms of Learning Teaching Lecture (17.5 hours) Lab (17.5 hours) Homework and self (90 hours) Workload 125 hours	and	

Recommendations for Preparation

Get acquainted to statistical thinking by watching online videos for introductory probability and statistics as well as paying attention whenever arguments are backed up by empirical data.

Content and Educational Aims

We live in a world full of data and more and more decisions are taken based on a comprehensive analysis of data. A central method of data analysis is the use of models describing the relationship between a set of predictor variables and a response. This module provides a thorough introduction to quantitative data analysis covering graphical representations, numerical summary statistics, correlation, and regression models. The module also introduces the fundamental concepts of statistical inference. Students learn about the different data types, how to best visualize them and how to draw conclusions from the graphical representations. Students will learn in this module the ideas and techniques of regression models within the generalized linear model framework involving multiple predictors and co-variates. Students will learn how to become an intelligent user of statistical techniques from a prosumers perspective to assess the quality of presented statistical results and to produce high-quality analyses by themselves. By using illustrative examples from economics, engineering, and the natural and social sciences students will gain the relevant background knowledge for their specific major as well as an interdisciplinary glimpse of other research fields. The general objective of the module is to enable students to become skilled statistical modelers who are well versed in the various assumptions, limitations, and controversies of statistical models and their application. Regular exercises and practical sessions will corroborate the students' proficiency with the statistical software R.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of this module, students will be able to

- 1. apply basic techniques in statistical modeling and quantitative research methods
- 2. describe fundamental statistical concepts, procedures, their assumptions and statistical fallacies
- 3. explain the potential of using quantitative methods in all fields of applications;
- 4. express informed skepticism of the limitations of statistical reasoning;
- 5. interpret statistical modeling results in scientific publications;
- 6. perform basic and intermediate-level statistical analyses of data, using R.

Indicative Literature

Michael J. Crawley (2013). The R Book, Second Edition. Hoboken: John Wiley & Sons.

Peter Daalgard (2008). Introductory Statistics with R. Berlin: Springer.

John Maindonald, W. John Braun (2010). Data Analysis and Graphics Using R – an Example-Based Approach, Third Edition, Cambridge Series. In Statistical and Probabilistic Mathematics. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Christopher Gandrud (2015). Reproducible Research with R and RStudio, Second Edition. The R Series, Chapman & Hall/CRC Press.

Randall E. Schumacker (2014). Learning Statistics Using R. Thousand Oaks: Sage.

Charles Wheelan (2013). Naked Statistics: Stripping the Dread from The Data. New York: W.W. Norton & Company.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- Quantitative analytical skills are used and needed in many modules of all study programs.
- This module introduces students to R in preparation for the 2nd year mandatory method module on econometrics and 3rd year GEM module on advanced econometrics; the statistics skills prepare students for all 2nd and 3rd year GEM modules and the thesis.

Examination Type: Module Examination

Type: Written examination

Duration: 120 min Weight: 100%

During the examination students use the software R as an auxiliary resource approved by the Instructor of Record.

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module.

8.1.3 Applied Statistics with SPSS

Module Name			Module Co	Module Code		СР
Applied Statistics with 5135			CTMS-ME	CTMS-MET-02		5
Module Compo	nents					
Number		Name			Туре	СР
CTMS-02 Module Coordinator		Applied Statistics with SPSS Lecture / Lab (presence / online		ab (in 5 online)		
Prof Dr. Klaus Poobako		Program Affiliation		Mandatory Status		
	Doeninte	CONSTRUCTOR Track Ar	rea –	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
				Mandatory ISCP and IR	elective for PH	IBA,
Entry Requirements			Frequency		Forms Learning Teaching	of and
Pre-requisites	Co-	Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills	Annually			
⊠ None	requisites	 none 	(Spring)		Lectur (17.5 hours)	е
	⊠ None				Lab hours)	(17.5
					• self-st (55 hc	udy urs)
					 Prepar of in presen (35 hc) 	ation -class tation ours)
			Duration		Workload	
			1 semeste	r	125 hours	
Recommendati	ons for Prepara	tion				
None						
Content and Ed	lucational Aims	i				
The module of familiarized wit	fers insights in th statistical co	nto quantitative methods of social ncepts of basic and intermediate co	science rese mplexity. The	arch and bey y examine the	ond. Studen ir potential a	ts are is well

familiarized with statistical concepts of basic and intermediate complexity. They examine their potential as well as limitations. Students gain knowledge about hypothesis testing for differences in the central tendencies of variables assessed in two or more groups, about bivariate correlations and—simple and multiple—regression. Approaches to finding patterns in social science data will be introduced; alternatives for non-metric, non-normal data will be discussed. The module takes a 'cookbook approach', to statistical methods. This means that it conveys how statistical tests are performed and how results are interpreted in the social sciences and beyond, while not requiring students to delve deeply into the mathematical foundations of applied statistics. The material will be presented in more traditional lectures and highly interactive practical labs. During the practical sessions, the tools and concepts discussed during the lecture sessions are applied to data obtained via a survey amongst participants and to 'real' datasets obtained in research projects of the methods section of the Department of Psychology &

Methods. By attending the module, students will receive a basic training in the statistics software SPSS and develop proficiency in using SPSS as a social science research tool.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of this module, students should be able to:

- 1. explain the potential of using quantitative methods in the social sciences;
- 2. express informed skepticism to the limitations of statistical reasoning in the social sciences;
- 3. interpret, within limits, the results sections of reports of empirical social science research;
- 4. perform simple and intermediate-level statistical analyses of social science data, using SPSS;
- 5. show flexibility in interpreting SPSS output, generated for unknown datasets, obtained from open access sources.

Indicative Literature

Bryman, A. & Cramer, D. (2011). Quantitative data analysis with IBM SPSS. London: Routledge.

Field, A. (2017). Discovering statistics using IBM SPSS Statistics. London: Sage.

George, D. & Mallery, P. (2019). IBM SPSS Statistics 26 step by step. A simple guide and reference. London: Routledge.

Hinton, P., McMurray, I., & Brownlow, C. (2014). SPSS explained. London: Routledge.

Pollock III, P.H. (2019). An IBM SPSS companion to political Analysis. London: Sage.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- Quantitative analytical skills are used and needed in many modules of all study programs.
- This module prepares students in IBA for the analysis of data in the 2nd year modules International Strategic Management and Marketing and the 3rd year module Contemporary Topics in Marketing and the thesis

Examination Type: Module Examination

Type: Written examination

Duration: 120 min Weight: 100%

During the examination students use of the software SPSS as an auxiliary resource approved by the Instructor of Record.

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module.

8.1.4 Qualitative Research Methods

Module Name		Module Code	Level (type)	СР
Qualitative Research	Methods	CTMS-MET-04	Year 2 (Methods)	5
Module Components				<u>.</u>
Number	Name		Туре	СР
CTMS-04	Qualitative Research Methods		Lecture	5
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliation		Mandatory Status	
N.N.	CONSTRUCTOR Track Area		Mandatory for GEM, IBA, IRPH and ISCP	
Entry Requirements		Frequency	Forms of Learning	g and
Pre-requisites	Co-requisites Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills	Annually	In-class contact (35 hours)	t time
A None		(Fall)	Private study (90	hours)
		Duration	Workload	
		1 semester	125 hours	
Patton, Michael Qu Sage, char	inn (2015). Qualitative evaluation and reso oter 2	earch methods (4t	h ed.). Thousand Oaks	etc.:
Content and Education	onal Aims			
Qualitative researche actions hold for us. T or people. We will lu research and from th (such as purposive s learning about and tr qualitative data, rele working with docume coding, qualitative co	rs explore the structure of everyday life and o do so, they take an in-depth look at a few s ook at the rationale and constructivist an ere move on to specific designs (such as gr strategies for selecting cases), and researc ying out methods for collecting and analyzir evant topics include semi-structured and ents and with visual elements. Methods for content analysis, discourse analysis, visual a	the meaning that selected cases, suc d interpretivist pr ounded theory or e h methods. The fing qualitative data narrative interview r analyzing qualita unalysis, semiotics	events, other persons a ch as organizations, cam inciples underlying qua ethnography), design pri ocus of the module wil . Among methods for co ws, focus groups, obse tive data include, for ex or iconography.	nd their paigns, alitative inciples I be on Ilecting rvation, xample,
The module has a str apply the methods t participate in and re and grading, students to a topic of their che	ong hands-on component. It is held in part to data from their own fields of study. Du port on activities involving the application s will carry out their own small research proj pice.	as a seminar and uring the lab sess and testing of sele ject, in which they	in part as a lab where s ions, students are requ acted methods. For asse bring to bear different n	tudents Jired to Issment Nethods
Intended Learning O	utcomes			
By the end of this me	odule, students will be able to			
1. explain the	principles underlying qualitative research;			

2. apply basic qualitative approaches and designs;
- 3. identify and address ethical issues arising in qualitative research;
- 4. apply strategies for purposefully selecting participants and cases;
- 5. apply methods for collecting qualitative data;
- 6. apply methods for analyzing qualitative data;
- 7. know what to look for in evaluating qualitative research.

Indicative Literature

- Dresing, T., Pehl, T., & Schmieder, C. (2015). Manual (on) transcription. Transcription conventions, software guides, and practical hints for qualitative researchers. 3rd English edition. Marburg. Available under: http://www.audiotranskription.de/english/transcription-practicalguide.htm
- Flick, U. (2018) (ed.). The SAGE handbook of qualitative data collection. Los Angeles, CA: Sage.
- Flick, U. (2019). Introduction to qualitative research. 6th edition. London etc.: Sage.
- Patton, M.Q. (2015). Qualitative evaluation and research methods. 4th edition. Thousand Oaks etc.: Sage.
- Rose, G. (2016). Visual methodologies. 4th edition. London: Sage.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- Complements Methods module Data Collection and Empirical Research Methodologies.
- This module prepares students for the GEM and IBA 2nd year module on organization and HRM as well as Marketing, the GEM 3rd year module on public and nonprofit management, the IBA 3rd year module on Contemporary Topics in Marketing, and the thesis.

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment type: Research project report (including abstract, ethics statement, and lab report on methods implementation, findings, and evaluation) Length: 5.000 words (for groups of three students) Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module.

8.1.5 Econometrics

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	СР
Econometrics			CTMS-MET- 05	Year 2 (Methods)	5
Module Components					
Number	Name			Туре	СР
CTMS-05	Econometrics			Seminar	5
Module Coordinator	Program Affili	ation		Mandatory Status	;
Prof. Dr. Colin Vance	CONSTRI	CONSTRUCTOR Track Area			GEM ve for
Entry Requirements			Frequency	Forms of Learnin	g and
Pre-requisites	Co- requisites	Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills	Annually (Spring)	 Seminar hours) Private study 	(35 y (90
☑ Applied statistics with R	⊠ None	Knowledge of the ordinary least-squares regression	Duration	hours)	
		 Model. Ability to estimate regression models using R software. Skills in conducting statistical inference tests. 	1 semester	125 hours	

Recommendations for Preparation

An accessible overview of regression analysis can be found in Sykes, A.O. (1993). An Introduction to Regression Analysis. Coase-Sandor Institute for Law & Economics, Univ. of Chicago Working Paper No. 20. https://chicagounbound.uchicago.edu/law_and_economics/51/. Students are also encouraged to read: Ziliak, Stephen T. (2008). Retrospectives: Guinnessometrics: The Economic Foundation of "Student's" t. Journal of Economic Perspectives 22(4): 199-216.

Content and Educational Aims

This module focuses on the application of econometric methods to the analysis of secondary data. Specifically, the goal is to expose students to some of the issues and challenges typically confronted by econometricians when analyzing empirical data in the realms of social science research, business and finance. Emphasis will be placed on the intuition underlying various commonly applied econometric techniques and on the steps needed to implement them. The module expands on the knowledge acquired in statistics and intensifies discussions of multiple regression analysis. The general objective is to become familiar with contemporary methods that are used in econometric and business analyses and to become a critical reader of case studies. In this regard, a clear distinction will be drawn along two dimensions: between questions of statistical significance versus those of economic or social significance; and between correlation and causation. The module takes a practical approach that covers how to estimate econometric models using R software. Sessions will often include computer applications to foster understanding of the discussed topics.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of this module, students will be able to

- 1. explain the mechanics and assumptions underpinning the Ordinary Least Squares (OLS) regression model;
- 2. estimate an OLS model on secondary data using R-software;
- 3. interpret the coefficient estimates from an OLS model with respect to their sign and magnitude;
- 4. conduct one- and two-sided tests of the statistical significance of coefficients.

Indicative Literature

Abadie, A. & Cattaneo, M.D. (2018). Econometric methods for program evaluation. Annual Review of Economics, 10, 465-503.

Angrist, J.D. & Pischke, J.S. (2014). Mastering'metrics: The path from cause to effect. Princeton University Press.

Kabacoff, R. (2015). R in action: Data analysis and graphics with R. Chapter 8. Manning Publications Co.

Wooldridge, J. M. (2015). Introductory econometrics: A modern approach. 6th edition. Cambridge Learning.

Ziliak, Stephen T. (2008). Guinnessometrics: The economic foundation of "student's". Journal of Economic Perspectives 22(4), 199-216.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- This module builds on models and topics from the first-year modules "Microeconomics" and "Macroeconomics" and from the second-year modules "Environmental and Resource Economics" and "Development Economics"
- This module introduces students to R in preparation for the 2nd year mandatory method module on econometrics and 3rd year GEM module on advanced econometrics; the statistics skills prepare students for all 2nd and 3rd year GEM modules and the thesis
- This module prepares students in IBA for the analysis of data in the 2nd year modules International Strategic Management and Marketing and the 3rd year module Contemporary Topics in Marketing and the thesis

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment type: Written examination

Duration: 120 min Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module.

8.1.6 Data Collection and Empirical Research Methodologies

Module Name		Module Code	Level (type)	СР	
Data Collection and	Empirical Research Methodologies	CTMS-MET- 06	Year 1 (Methods)	5	
Module Component	S				
Number	Name	Name Type			
CTMS-06	Data Collection and Empiric Methodologies	cal Research	Lecture	5	
Module	Program Affiliation		Mandatory Status	<u>, i</u>	
Coordinator	CONSTRUCTOR Track Area		Mandatory for IRPH and IS	SCP	
Dr. Mandi Laraan			Mandatory elective for IBA	١	
Dr. Manul Larsen					
Entry		Frequency	Forms of Learning and Tea	aching	
Requirements					
Dro roquisitos		Annually	Lecture (35 hours)		
Pre-requisites	Co- Knowledge, Abilities, requisites or Skills	(Spring)	Reading and self-stends hours)	udy (30	
⊠ None	● none		Questionnaire cons and data collection (3)	struction 5 hours)	
			Preparation of researce (25 hours)	ch report	
		Duration	Workload		
			105.1		
		1 semester	125 hours		
Recommendations 1	for Preparation				
Content and Educational Aims How exactly does empirical research work? This module gives an overview of the basic concepts and strategies involved in conducting empirical research in the social sciences. Students learn about basic approaches towards research, such as quantitative and qualitative, basic and applied, descriptive and explanatory research, and about core concepts of empirical research such as research ethics, generating hypotheses and hypothesis testing, measurement, and evaluation criteria such as reliability and validity. The module shows how these concepts and					
lueas are applied in	the context of various research techniqu	ies. Students Wil	i actively apply this knowled	ge to the	

Ideas are applied in the context of various research techniques. Students will actively apply this knowledge to the context of survey research, which is presumably the most widespread mode of gathering data in the social sciences and adjacent disciplines. Students will be familiarized with diverse aspects of sampling strategies, developing state-of-the-art questionnaires, and conducting cutting-edge survey research. Questionnaire construction for different data-gathering modalities (paper-pencil, telephone, face-to-face, online) will be discussed, as will their utilization in diverse populations (different social groups, cultures and languages). Students will carry out small empirical survey research projects putting these skills into practice.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of this module, students will be able to

- 1. describe basic concepts involved in conducting empirical research in the social sciences;
- 2. outline the empirical research process;
- 3. carry out a small research project from start to finish:
- 4. formulate an empirical research question, as well as develop relevant hypotheses;
- 5. address issues of random probability sampling;
- 6. recognize issues related to various modes of data collection;
- 7. construct a social science questionnaire;
- 8. compose a first empirical research report.

Indicative Literature

Fowler, F. J. (2015). Survey research methods. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.

Neumann, W. (2014). Social research methods: Qualitative and quantitative approaches (7th International Edition). Harlow: Pearson.

Gray, D. E. (2014). Doing research in the real world (3rd edition). London: Sage.

Picardie, C. A. & Masick, K. D. (2014). Research methods: Designing and conducting research with a real-world focus. London: Sage.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- This module builds on "Academic Writing and Academic Skills", where students gain critical skills related to academic writing, as well as to understanding empirical literature.
- This module prepares IBA students with an interest in consumer or firm-level research for their Bachelor Thesis.
- This module also provides students with a first opportunity to carry out their own data collection, which will be helpful for the Bachelor Thesis.

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment type: Research report

Length: 2500-3000 words Weight: 100%

Scope: Should demonstrate: (1) knowledge of the empirical research process and its key concepts; (2) ability to carry out a small empirical research project; and (3) ability to accurately report on the research process in writing. All intended learning outcomes of the module.

8.2 New Skills

8.2.1 Logic (perspective I)

Module Name Logic (perspective	e I)	Module Code CTNS-NSK-01	Level (type) Year 2	CP 2.5			
Module Componer	Module Components						
Number	Name			Туре	СР		
CTNS-01	Logic (perspectiv	e I)		Lecture (online)	2.5		
Module Coordinator Prof. Dr. Jules Coleman	 Program Affiliation CONSTINUE 	on RUCTOR Track Area		Mandatory Status Mandatory election UG students (one perspective must chosen)	s ve for all e : be		
Entry Requirements Pre-requisites ⊠ none	Co-requisites ⊠ none	Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills	Frequency Annually (Fall)	Forms of Lear Teaching Online lecture (1 Private study (45	rning and 7.5h) 5h)		
Recommendations	s for Preparation		Duration 1 semester	Workload 62.5 hours			

Content and Educational Aims

Suppose a friend asks you to help solve a complicated problem? Where do you begin? Arguably, the first and most difficult task you face is to figure out what the heart of the problem actually is. In doing that you will look for structural similarities between the problem posed and other problems that arise in different fields that others may have addressed successfully. Those similarities may point you to a pathway for resolving the problem you have been asked to solve. But it is not enough to look for structural similarities. Sometimes relying on similarities may even be misleading. Once you've settled tentatively on what you take to be the heart of the matter, you will naturally look for materials, whether evidence or arguments, that you believe is relevant to its potential solution. But the evidence you investigate of course depends on your formulation of the problem, and your formulation of the problem likely depends on the tools you have available – including potential sources of evidence and argumentation. You cannot ignore this interactivity, but you can't allow yourself to be hamstrung entirely by it. But there is more. The problem itself may be too big to be manageable all at once, so you will have to explore whether it can be broken into manageable parts and if the information you have bears on all or only some of those parts. And later you will face the problem of whether the solutions to the particular sub problems can be put together coherently to solve the entire problem taken as a whole.

What you are doing is what we call engaging in computational thinking. There are several elements of computational thinking illustrated above. These include: Decomposition (breaking the larger problem down into smaller ones); Pattern recognition (identifying structural similarities); Abstraction (ignoring irrelevant particulars of the problem): and Creating Algorithms), problem-solving formulas.

But even more basic to what you are doing is the process of drawing inferences from the material you have. After all, how else are you going to create a problem-solving formula, if you draw incorrect inferences about what information has shown and what, if anything follows logically from it. What you must do is apply the rules of logic to the information to draw inferences that are warranted.

We distinguish between informal and formal systems of logic, both of which are designed to indicate fallacies as well as warranted inferences. If I argue for a conclusion by appealing to my physical ability to coerce you, I prove

nothing about the truth of what I claim. If anything, by doing so I display my lack of confidence in my argument. Or if the best I can do is berate you for your skepticism, I have done little more than offer an ad hominem instead of an argument. Our focus will be on formal systems of logic, since they are at the heart of both scientific argumentation and computer developed algorithms. There are in fact many different kinds of logic and all figure to varying degrees in scientific inquiry. There are inductive types of logic, which purport to formalize the relationship between premises that if true offer evidence on behalf of a conclusion and the conclusion and are represented as claims about the extent to which the conclusion is confirmed by the premises. There are deductive types of logic, which introduce a different relationship between premise and conclusion. These variations of logic consist in rules that if followed entail that if the premises are true then the conclusion too must be true.

There are also modal types of logic which are applied specifically to the concepts of necessity and possibility, and thus to the relationship among sentences that include either or both those terms. And there is also what are called deontic logic, a modification of logic that purport to show that there are rules of inference that allow us to infer what we ought to do from facts about the circumstances in which we find ourselves. In the natural and social sciences most of the emphasis has been placed on inductive logic, whereas in math it is placed on deductive logic, and in modern physics there is an increasing interest in the concepts of possibility and necessity and thus in modal logic. The humanities, especially normative discussions in philosophy and literature are the province of deontic logic.

This module will also take students through the central aspects of computational thinking, as it is related to logic; it will introduce the central concepts in each, their relationship to one another and begin to provide the conceptual apparatus and practical skills for scientific inquiry and research.

Intended Learning Outcomes

Students acquire transferable and key skills in this module.

By the end of this module, the students will be able to:

- 1. apply the various principles of logic and expand them to computational thinking.
- 2. understand the way in which logical processes in humans and in computers are similar and different at the same time.
- 3. apply the basic rules of first-order deductive logic and employ them rules in the context of creating a scientific or social scientific study and argument.
- 4. employ those rules in the context of creating a scientific or social scientific study and argument.

Indicative Literature

Frege, Gottlob (1879), Begriffsschrift, eine der arithmetischen nachgebildete Formelsprache des reinen Denkens [Translation: A Formal Language for Pure Thought Modeled on that of Arithmetic], Halle an der Salle: Verlag von Louis Nebert.

Gödel, Kurt (1986), Russels mathematische Logik. In: Alfred North Whitehead, Bertrand Russell: Principia Mathematica. Vorwort, S. V–XXXIV. Suhrkamp.

Leeds, Stephen. "George Boolos and Richard Jeffrey. Computability and logic. Cambridge University Press, New York and London1974, x+ 262 pp." The Journal of Symbolic Logic 42.4 (1977): 585-586.

Kubica, Jeremy. Computational fairy tales. Jeremy Kubica, 2012.

McCarthy, Timothy. "Richard Jeffrey. Formal logic: Its scope and limits. of XXXVIII 646. McGraw-Hill Book Company, New York etc. 1981, xvi+ 198 pp." The Journal of Symbolic Logic 49.4 (1984): 1408-1409.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Written Examination

Duration: 60 min Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module.

8.2.2 Logic (perspective II)

				<u></u>	<u> </u>	
Module Name	11)			Module Code	Level (type)	СР 2 Б
Lugic (perspective	11)				(New Skills)	2.5
Module Componen	ts			<u></u>		
Number	Name				Туре	СР
CTNS-02	Logic (perspectiv	e II)			Lecture (online)	2.5
Module	Program Affiliatic	วท			Mandatory Statu	IS
Coordinator						
NN	CONSTR	≀UCTOR Track	(Area		Mandatory electi students (one pe must be chosen)	ive for all UG erspective
Entry			,	Frequency	Forms of Learnir	ng and
Requirements				A	Teaching	
Pre-requisites	Co-requisites	Knowledge, Skills	Abilities, c	Annually r(Fall)	Online lecture (1 Private study (4)	17.5h) 5h)
🗵 none	🗵 none	Onne				J17
				Duration	Workload	
				Duration	Workiouu	
 				1 semester	62.5 hours	
Recommendations	for Preparation					
2 List and Educa						
Content and Euuca	itional Aims					
The focus of tins in and computer devi- scientific inquiry. that if true offer ev- extent to which the different relationsh entail that if the pi	eloped algorithms There are inductiv vidence on behalf conclusion is cor nip between prem remises are true th	Il systems of mo- . There are in ve types of log of a conclusi nfirmed by the lise and conclusi hen the conclu	n fact many k ic, which purp- ion and the co- premises. Th usion. These v usion too must	y are at the heart inds of logic and ort to formalize th nclusion and are ere are deductive variations of logic be true.	all figure to varyi ie relationship betw represented as cla types of logic, whi- consist in rules th	argumentation ing degrees in ween premises tims about the ch introduce a hat if followed
This module introc such it is aimed at is to provide an ov can provide effecti	luces logics that g students who are erview of alternative ve tools for solving	go beyond trac already famili- ive logics and g problems in	ditional deduct iar with basics to develop a s specific applic	ive propositional of traditional forn ensitivity that the cation domains.	logic and predicate nal logic. The aim are are many differ	e logic and as of the module ent logics tha
The module first re more than two truth truth values with re Modal logics introc deal with propositi propositions are qu in which propositic	views the principle h values, for exam eal numbers in the duce modal operat ions that are qual ualified by time cc ons are true.	es of a traditio ple true, false e range 0 to 1 tors expressing ified by time. onstraints. Inte	nal logic and th , and unknown that are expre g whether a pro Once can view erval temporal	nen introduces ma . Fuzzy logic exter ssing how strong position is neces: v temporal logics logic provides a w	any-valued logics the nds traditional logi the believe into a sary or possible. Te as a form of moda vay to reason about	nat distinguish ic by replacing proposition is emporal logics al logics where time intervals
The module will als special subset of p such as Prolog. De have applications Internet.	so investigate the redicate logic, bas escription logics, in the semantic v	application of sed on so-calle which are usu web, which en	logic framewor ed Horn clause Jally decidable Jables search e	rks to specific class s, forms the basis logics, are used angines to reason	sses of problems. F of logic programm to model relations about resources p	For example, a ning language ships and the present on the
Intended Learning	Outcomes					

Students acquire transferable and key skills in this module.

- By the end of this module, the students will be able to 1. apply the various principles of logic 2. explain practical relevance of non-standard logic
 - 3. describe how many-valued logic extends basic predicate logic
 - apply basic rules of fuzzy logic to calculate partial truth values 4.
 - 5.
 - sketch basic rules of temporal logic implement predicates in a logic programming language 6.

7. p

prove some simple non-standard logic theorems

Indicative Literature

- Bergmann, Merry. "An Introduction to Many-Valued and Fuzzy Logic: Semantics, Algebras, and Derivation Systems", Cambridge University Press, April 2008.
- Sterling, Leon S., Ehud Y. Shapiro, Ehud Y. "The Art of Prolog", 2nd edition, MIT Press, March 1994.
- Fisher, Michael. "An Introduction to Practical Formal Methods Using Temporal Logic", Wiley, Juli 2011.
- Baader, Franz. "The Description Logic Handbook: Theory Implementation and Applications", Cambridge University Press, 2nd edition, May 2010.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Written Examination

Duration: 60 min Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module.

8.2.3 Causation and Correlation (perspective I)

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	СР
Causation and Co	rrelation (perspect	tive I)	CTNS-NSK-03	Year 2	2.5
				(New Skills)	
Module Compone	nts				
Number	Name			Туре	СР
CTNS-03	Causation and C	Correlation		Lecture (online)	2.5
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliat	ion		Mandatory Status	5
Coordinator	CONST	RUCTOR Track Area		Mandatory elective for all	
Prof. Dr. Jules				UG students (one	
Coleman				perspective must be	
				chosen)	
Entry			Frequency	Forms of Lear	rning and
Requirements			Appuolly	Teaching	
Pre-requisites	Co-requisites	Knowledge Abilities or	(Spring)	Online lecture (1	7 5h)
i io ioquioicoo	ee requiertee	Skills	(oping)	Private study (45	jh)
🖾 none	🖾 none				
			Duration	Workload	
			1 semester	62.5 hours	
Recommendation	s for Preparation				

Content and Educational Aims

In many ways, life is a journey. And also, as in other journeys, our success or failure depends not only on our personal traits and character, our physical and mental health, but also on the accuracy of our map. We need to know what the world we are navigating is actually like, the how, why and the what of what makes it work the way it does. The natural sciences provide the most important tool we have developed to learn how the world works and why it works the way it does. The social sciences provide the most advanced tools we have to learn how we and other human beings, similar in most ways, different in many others, act and react and what makes them do what they do. In order for our maps to be useful, they must be accurate and correctly reflect the way the natural and social worlds work and why they work as they do.

The natural sciences and social sciences are blessed with enormous amounts of data. In this way, history and the present are gifts to us. To understand how and why the world works the way it does requires that we are able to offer an explanation of it. The data supports a number of possible explanations of it. How are we to choose among potential explanations? Explanations, if sound, will enable us to make reliable predictions about what the future will be like, and also to identify many possibilities that may unfold in the future. But there are differences not just in the degree of confidence we have in our predictions, but in whether some of them are necessary future states or whether all of them are merely possibilities? Thus, there are three related activities at the core of scientific inquiry: understanding where we are now and how we got here (historical); knowing what to expect going forward (prediction); and exploring how we can change the paths we are on (creativity).

At the heart of these activities are certain fundamental concepts, all of which are related to the scientific quest to uncover immutable and unchanging laws of nature. Laws of nature are thought to reflect <u>a causal</u> nexus between a previous event and a future one. There are also true statements that reflect universal or nearly universal connections between events past and present that are not laws of nature because the relationship they express is that of <u>a correlation</u> between events. A working thermostat accurately allows us to determine or even to predict the temperature in the room in which it is located, but it does not explain why the room has the temperature it has. What then is the core difference between causal relationships and correlations? At the same time, we all recognize that given where we are now there are many possible futures for each of us, and even had our lives gone just the slightest bit differently than they have, our present state could well have been very different than it is. The relationship between possible pathways between events that have not materialized but could have is expressed through the idea of <u>counterfactual</u>.

Creating accurate roadmaps, forming expectations we can rely on, making the world a more verdant and attractive place requires us to understand the concepts of causation, correlation, counterfactual explanation, prediction, necessity, possibility, law of nature and universal generalization. This course is designed precisely to provide the conceptual tools and intellectual skills to implement those concepts in our future readings and research and ultimately in our experimental investigations, and to employ those tools in various disciplines.

Intended Learning Outcomes

Students acquire transferable and key skills in this module.

By the end of this module, the students will be able to

- 1. formulate testable hypotheses that are designed to reveal causal connections and those designed to reveal interesting, important and useful correlations.
- 2. distinguish scientifically interesting correlations from unimportant ones.
- 3. apply critical thinking skills to evaluate information.
- 4. understand when and why inquiry into unrealized possibility is important and relevant.

Indicative Literature

Thomas S. Kuhn: The Structure of Scientific Revolutions, Nelson, fourth edition 2012;

Goodman, Nelson. Fact, fiction, and forecast. Harvard University Press, 1983;

Quine, Willard Van Orman, and Joseph Silbert Ullian. The web of belief. Vol. 2. New York: Random house, 1978.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Written Examination

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module

Duration/Length: 60 min Weight: 100%

8.2.4 Causation and Correlation (perspective II)

Module Name				Module Code	Level (type)	CP
Causation and Correlation (perspective II)			CTNS-NSK-04	Year 2 (New Skills)	2.5	
Module Compone	ents			l		
Number	Name	Name				СР
CTNS-04	Causation and Co	Causation and Correlations (perspective II)			Lecture (online)	2.5
Module Coordinator Dr. Keivan Mallahi-Karai Dr. Eoin Ryan Dr. Irina Chiaburu	Program Affiliation CONSTRUCTOR Track Area				Mandatory Statu Mandatory electi UG students (on- perspective must chosen)	s ve for all e t be
Entry Requirements Pre-requisites ⊠ none	Co-requisites ⊠ none	Knowlec Skills •	dge, Abilities, or Basic probability theory	Frequency Annually (Spring) Duration 1 semester	Forms of Learnin Teaching Online lecture (1 Private study (45 Workload 62.5 hours	ag and .7.5h) 5h)
Recommendation	s for Preparation			1	1	

Content and Educational Aims

Causality or causation is a surprisingly difficult concept to understand. David Hume famously noted that causality is a concept that our science and philosophy cannot do without, but it is equally a concept that our science and philosophy cannot describe. Since Hume, the problem of cause has not gone away, and sometimes seems to get even worse (e.g., quantum mechanics confusing previous notions of causality). Yet, ways of doing science that lessen our need to explicitly use causality have become very effective (e.g., huge developments in statistics). Nevertheless, it still seems that the concept of causality is at the core of explaining how the world works, across fields as diverse as physics, medicine, logistics, the law, sociology, and history – and ordinary daily life – through all of which, explanations and predictions in terms of cause and effect remain intuitively central.

Causality remains a thorny problem but, in recent decades, significant progress has occurred, particularly in work by or inspired by Judea Pearl. This work incorporates many 20th century developments, including statistical methods – but with a reemphasis on finding the why, or the cause, behind statistical correlations –, progress in understanding the logic, semantics and metaphysics of conditionals and counterfactuals, developments based on insights from the likes of philosopher Hans Reichenbach or biological statistician Sewall Wright into causal precedence and path analysis, and much more. The result is a new toolkit to identify causes and build causal explanations. Yet even as we get better at identifying causes, this raises new (or old) questions about causality, including metaphysical questions about the nature of causes (and effects, events, objects, etc.), but also questions about what we really use causality for (understanding the world as it is or just to glean predictive control of specific outcomes), about how causality is used differently in different fields and activities (is cause in physics the same as that in history?), and about how other crucial concepts relate to our concept of cause (space and time seem to be related to causality, but so do concepts of legal and moral responsibility).

This course will introduce students to the mathematical formalism derived from Pearl's work, based on directed acyclic graphs and probability theory. Building upon previous work by Reichenbach and Wright, Pearl defines a "a calculus of interventions" of "do-calculus" for talking about interventions and their relation to causation and counterfactuals. This model has been applied in various areas ranging from econometrics to statistics, where acquiring knowledge about causality is of great importance.

At the same time, the course will not forget some of the metaphysical and epistemological issues around cause, so that students can better critically evaluate putative causal explanations in their full context. Abstractly, such issues involve some of the same philosophical questions Hume already asked, but more practically, it is important to see how metaphysical and epistemological debates surrounding the notion of cause affect scientific practice, and equally if not more importantly, how scientific practice pushes the limits of theory. This course will look at various ways in which empirical data can be transformed into explanations and theories, including the variance approach to causality (characteristic of the positivistic quantitative paradigm), and the process theory of causality (associated with qualitative methodology). Examples and case studies will be relevant for students of the social sciences but also students of the natural/physical world as well.

Intended Learning Outcomes

Students acquire transferable and key skills in this module.

By the end of this module, the students will be able to

- 1. have a clear understanding of the history of causal thinking.
- 2. be able to form a critical understanding of the key debates and controversies surrounding the idea of causality.
- 3. be able to recognize and apply probabilistic causal models.
- 4. be able to explain how understanding of causality differs among different disciplines.
- 5. be able demonstrate how theoretical thinking about causality has shaped scientific practices.

Indicative Literature

Paul, L. A. and Ned Hall. Causation: A User's Guide. Oxford University Press 2013.

Pearl, Judea. Causality: Models, Reasoning and Inference. Cambridge University Press 2009

Pearl, Judea, Glymour Madelyn and Jewell, Nicolas. Causal Inference in Statistics: A Primer. Wiley 2016

Ilari, Phyllis McKay and Federica Russo. Causality: Philosophical Theory Meets Scientific Practice. Oxford University Press 2014.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment: Written examination

Duration/Length: 60 min

Weight: 100 %

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module

8.2.5 Linear Model and Matrices

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	СР
Linear Model and	I Matrices		CTNS-NSK-05	Year 3 (New Skills)	5
Module Compone	ents				
Number	Name			Туре	СР
CTNS-05	Linear models an	nd matrix		Seminar (online)	5
Module Coordinator Prof. Dr. Marc- Thorsten Hütt	Program Affiliatio	on RUCTOR Track Area		Mandatory Status Mandatory elective	<u> </u>
Entry Requirements Pre-requisites	Co-requisites	Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills	Frequency Annually (Fall)	Forms of Learning a Teaching Online lecture (35h Private Study (90h))
Causation & Correlation	⊠ none		Duration 1 Semester	Workload 125 hours	
Recommendation	s for Preparation		1		
Content and Edu	cational Aims				
There are no univ can be useful in popular data and analysis (PCA), t unstable states ir	ersal 'right skills'. B diverse disciplines systems analysis str he optimization teo n nonlinear dynamic	tut the notion of linear model s to implement a quantitati rategies are built upon this fr chniques used in Operation cal systems, as well as aspec	Is and the avenue t ve, computational amework. Example s Research (OR), cts of machine lear	o matrices and their pr approach. Some of t is include principal cor the assessment of sta rning.	roperties he most mponent able and
Here we introdu transdisciplinary and methods der to graph theory a of linear equatio dynamics. Throu	ce the toolbox of applications (part 1 ived from this conc nd machine learnin ns. They are also t ghout the course.	linear models and matrix- .). We describe its foundatio eptual framework (part 3). <i>I</i> g (part 4). Matrices can be the core object of linear st examples from neuroscience	based methods en n in linear algebra At the end of the c useful representati ability analysis, an ce, social sciences	mbedded in a wide r (part 2) and the range ourse, we outline app ons of networks and o n approach used in n s, medicine. biology.	range of e of tools lications f system ionlinear physics.

A strong emphasis of the course is on the sensible usage of linear approaches in a nonlinear world. We will critically reflect the advantages as well as the disadvantages and limitations of this method. Guiding questions are: How appropriate is a linear approximation of a nonlinear system? What do you really learn from PCA? How reliable are the optimal states obtained via linear programming (LP) techniques?

chemistry, and other fields are used to illustrate these methods.

This debate is embedded in a broader context: How does the choice of a mathematical technique confine your view on the system at hand? How, on the other hand, does it increase your capabilities of analyzing the system (due to software available for this technique, the ability to compare with findings from other fields built upon the same technique and the volume of knowledge about this technique)?

In the end, students will have a clearer understanding of linear models and matrix approaches in their own discipline, but they will also see the full transdisciplinarity of this topic. They will make better decisions in their

choice of data analysis methods and become mindful of the challenges when going from a linear to a nonlinear thinking.

Intended Learning Outcomes

Upon completion of this module, students will be able to

- 1. apply the concept of linear modeling in their own discipline
- 2. distinguish between linear and nonlinear interpretation strategies and understand the range of applicability of linear models
- 3. make use of data analysis / data interpretation strategies from other disciplines, which are derived from linear algebra
- 4. be aware of the ties that linear models have to machine learning and network theory

Note that these four ILOs can be loosely associated with the four parts of the course indicated above

Indicative Literature

Part 1:

material from Linear Algebra for Everyone, Gilbert Strang, Wellesley-Cambridge Press, 2020

Part 2:

material from Introduction to Linear Algebra (5th Edition), Gilbert Strang, Cambridge University Press, 2021 Part 3:

Mainzer, Klaus. "Introduction: from linear to nonlinear thinking." Thinking in Complexity: The Computational Dynamics of Matter, Mind and Mankind (2007): 1-16.

material from Mathematics of Big Data: Spreadsheets, Databases, Matrices, and Graphs, Jeremy Kepner, Hayden Jananthan, The MIT Press, 2018

material from Introduction to Linear Algebra (5th Edition), Gilbert Strang, Cambridge University Press, 2021

Part 4:

material from Linear Algebra and Learning from Data, Gilbert Strang, Wellesley-Cambridge Press, 2019

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment: Written examination

Duration/Length: 120 min

Weight: 100 %

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module

8.2.6 Complex Problem Solving

Madula Nama			Madula Cada	Laural (thuma)	CD
Module Name			wodule Code	Level (type)	CP
Complex Problem	Solving	CTNS-NSK-06	Year 3	5	
-				(New Skills)	
Module Compone	nts				
Number	Name			Туре	CP
CTNS-06	Complex Problem	n Solving		Lecture	5
				(online)	
Module	Program Affiliation	on		Mandatory Status	S
Coordinator	CONST	RUCTOR Track Area			
Prof. Dr. Marco					
Verweij				Mandatory elective	
-					
Entry			Frequency	Forms of Learnin	g and
Requirements				Teaching	
Due an airtichte a	Co voguisitos	Knowledge Abilities of	Annually		
Pre-requisites	Co-requisites	Skills	(Fall)	Private Study (9)	(35N))h)
BLUgic	🖾 none	Being able to read)11)
⊠Causation &		primary academic	Duration	Workload	
Correlation		literature			
		Willingness to engage in			
		teamwork	1 semester	125 hours	

Recommendations for Preparation

Please read: Camillus, J. (2008). Strategy as a wicked problem. Harvard Business Review 86: 99-106; Rogers, P. J. (2008). Using programme theory to evaluate complicated and complex aspects of interventions. Evaluation, 14, 29–48.

Content and Educational Aims

Complex problems are, by definition, non-linear and/or emergent. Some fifty years ago, scholars such as Herbert Simon began to argue that societies around the world had developed an impressive array of tools with which to solve simple and even complicated problems, but still needed to develop methods with which to address the rapidly increasing number of complex issues. Since then, a variety of such methods has emerged. These include 'serious games' developed in computer science, 'multisector systems analysis' applied in civil and environmental engineering, 'robust decision-making' proposed by the RAND Corporation, 'design thinking' developed in engineering and business studies, 'structured problem solving' used by McKinsey & Co., 'real-time technology assessment' advocated in science and technology studies, and 'deliberative decision-making' emanating from political science.

In this course, students first learn to distinguish between simple, complicated and complex problems. They also become familiar with the ways in which a particular issue can sometimes shift from one category into another. In addition, the participants learn to apply several tools for resolving complex problems. Finally, the students are introduced to the various ways in which natural and social scientists can help stakeholders resolve complex problems. Throughout the course examples and applications will be used. When possible, guest lectures will be offered by experts on a particular tool for tackling complex issues. For the written, take-home exam, students will have to select a specific complex problem, analyse it and come up with a recommendation – in addition to answering several questions about the material learned.

Intended Learning Outcomes

Upon completion of this module, students will be able to

- 1. Identify a complex problem;
- 2. Develop an acceptable recommendation for resolving complex problems.
- 3. Understand the roles that natural and social scientists can play in helping stakeholders resolve complex problems;

Indicative Literature

Chia, A. (2019). Distilling the essence of the McKinsey way: The problem-solving cycle. Management Teaching Review 4(4): 350-377.

Den Haan, J., van der Voort, M.C., Baart, F., Berends, K.D., van den Berg, M.C., Straatsma, M.W., Geenen, A.J.P., & Hulscher, S.J.M.H. (2020). The virtual river game: Gaming using models to collaboratively explore river management complexity, Environmental Modelling & Software 134, 104855,

Folke, C., Carpenter, S., Elmqvist, T., Gunderson, L., Holling, C.S., & Walker, B. (2002). Resilience and sustainable development: Building adaptive capacity in a world of transformations. AMBIO: A Journal of the Human Environment 31(5): 437-440.

Ostrom, E. (2010). Beyond markets and states: Polycentric governance of complex economic systems. American Economic Review 100(3): 641-72.

Pielke, R. Jr. (2007). The honest broker: Making sense of science in policy and politics. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Project Management Institute (2021). A guide to the project management body of knowledge (PMBOK® guide).

Schon, D. A., & Rein, M. (1994). Frame reflection: Toward the resolution of intractable policy controversies. New York: Basic Books.

Simon, H. A. (1973). The structure of ill structured problems. Artificial Intelligence 4(3-4): 181-201.

Verweij, M. & Thompson, M. (Eds.) (2006). Clumsy solutions for a complex world. London: Palgrave Macmillan.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

Examination Type: Module Component Examination

Assessment Type: Written examination

Duration: 120 min

Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module.

8.2.7 Argumentation, Data Visualization and Communication (perspective I)

Module Name Argumentation, (perspective I)	Data Visualization and Communication	Module Code CTNS-NSK-07	Level (type) Year 3 (New Skills)	CP 5
Module Compone	nts			
Number	Name		Туре	СР
CTNS-07	Argumentation, Data Visualization and (perspective I)	Communication	Lecture (online)	5
Module Coordinator Prof. Dr. Jules Coleman, Prof Dr. Arvid Kappas	 Program Affiliation CONSTRUCTOR Track Area 		Mandatory Status Mandatory electi UG students (one perspective must chosen)	s ve for all e : be
Entry Requirements Pre-requisites Logic Causation & Corrolation	Co-requisites Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills ⊠ none	Frequency Annually (Fall) Duration	Forms of Lea Teaching Online Lectures (Private Study (90 Workload	rning and (35h) Dh)
Recommendation	s for Preparation	1 semester	125h	

Content and Educational Aims

One must be careful not to confuse argumentation with being argumentative. The latter is an unattractive personal attribute, whereas the former is a requirement of publicly holding a belief, asserting the truth of a proposition, the plausibility of a hypothesis, or a judgment of the value of a person or an asset. It is an essential component of public discourse. Public discourse is governed by norms and one of those norms is that those who assert the truth of a proposition or the validity of an argument or the responsibility of another for wrongdoing open themselves up to good faith requests to defend their claims. In its most general meaning, argumentation is the requirement that one offer evidence in support of the claims they make, as well as in defense of the judgments and assessments they reach. There are different modalities of argumentation associated with different contexts and disciplines. Legal arguments have a structure of their own as do assessments of medical conditions and moral character. In each case, there are differences in the kind of evidence that is thought relevant and, more importantly, in the standards of assessment for whether a case has been successfully made. Different modalities of argumentation require can call for different modes of reasoning. We not only offer reasons in defense of or in support of beliefs we have, judgments we make and hypotheses we offer, but we reason from evidence we collect to conclusions that are warranted by them.

Reasoning can be informal and sometimes even appear unstructured. When we recognize some reasoning as unstructured yet appropriate what we usually have in mind is that it is not linear. Most reasoning we are familiar with is linear in character. From A we infer B, and from A and B we infer C, which all together support our commitment to D. The same form of reasoning applies whether the evidence for A, B or C is direct or circumstantial. What changes in these cases is perhaps the weight we give to the evidence and thus the confidence we have in drawing inferences from it.

Especially in cases where reasoning can be supported by quantitative data, wherever quantitative data can be obtained either directly or by linear or nonlinear models, the visualization of the corresponding data can become

key in both, reasoning and argumentation. A graphical representation can reduce the complexity of argumentation and is considered a must in effective scientific communication. Consequently, the course will also focus on smart and compelling ways for data visualization - in ways that go beyond what is typically taught in statistics or mathematics lectures. These tools are constantly developing, as a reflection of new software and changes in state of the presentation art. Which graph or bar chart to use best for which data, the use of colors to underline messages and arguments, but also the pitfalls when presenting data in a poor or even misleading manner. This will also help in readily identifying intentional mis-representation of data by others, the simplest to recognize being truncating the ordinate of a graph in order to exaggerate trends. This frequently leads to false arguments, which can then be readily countered.

There are other modalities of reasoning that are not linear however. Instead they are coherentist. We argue for the plausibility of a claim sometimes by showing that it fits in with a set of other claims for which we have independent support. The fit is itself the reason that is supposed to provide confidence or grounds for believing the contested claim.

Other times, the nature of reasoning involves establishing not just the fit but the mutual support individual items in the evidentiary set provide for one another. This is the familiar idea of a web of interconnected, mutually supportive beliefs. In some cases, the support is in all instances strong; in others it is uniformly weak, but the set is very large; in other cases, the support provided each bit of evidence for the other is mixed: sometimes strong, sometimes weak, and so on.

There are three fundamental ideas that we want to extract from this segment of the course. These are (1) that argumentation is itself a requirement of being a researcher who claims to have made findings of one sort or another; (2) that there are different forms of appropriate argumentation for different domains and circumstances; and (3) that there are different forms of reasoning on behalf of various claims or from various bits of evidence to conclusions: whether those conclusions are value judgments, political beliefs, or scientific conclusions. Our goal is to familiarize you with all three of these deep ideas and to help you gain facility with each.

Intended Learning Outcomes

Students acquire transferable and key skills in this module.

By the end of this module, the students will be able to

- 1. distinguish among different modalities of argument, e.g. legal arguments, vs. scientific ones.
- 2. construct arguments using tools of data visualization.
- 3. communicate conclusions and arguments concisely, clearly and convincingly.

Indicative Literature

- Tufte, E.R. (1985). The visual display of quantitative information. The Journal for Healthcare Quality (JHQ), 7(3), 15.
- Cairo, A (2012). The Functional Art: An introduction to information graphics and visualization. New Ridders.
- Knaflic, C.N. (2015). Storytelling with data: A data visualization guide for business professionals. John Wiley & Sons.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Written Examination

Duration/Length: 120 (min) Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module

8.2.8 Argumentation, Data Visualization and Communication (perspective II)

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	СР
Argumentation, D (perspective II)	Data Visualization	CTNS-NSK-08	Year 3 (New Skills)	5	
Module Compone	ents				
Number	Name		Туре	СР	
CTNS-08	Argumentation, (perspective II)	Data Visualization and Commur	ication	Lecture (online)	5
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliat	ion		Mandatory Statu	S
Prof. Dr. Jules Coleman, Prof Dr. Arvid Kappas	CONS ⁻	IRUCTOR Track Area	Mandatory elective for all UG students (one perspective must be chosen)		
Entry Requirements			Frequency	Forms of Learnin Teaching	ng and
Pre-requisites	Co-requisites	Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills	Annually (Spring)	Online Lee hours)	cture (35
⊠ Logic ⊠ Causation & Correlation	⊠ none	ability and openness to engage in interactions media literacy, critical thinking and a proficient	(0,0,0,0)	 Tutorial of f (10 hours) Private stu- lecture (80 	the lecture dy for the hours)
		handling of data sources own research in academic	Duration	Workload	
		literature	1 semester	125 hours	
Recommendation	ns for Preparation				

Content and Educational Aims

Humans are a social species and interaction is crucial throughout the entire life span. While much of human communication involves language, there is a complex multichannel system of nonverbal communication that enriches linguistic content, provides context, and is also involved in structuring dynamic interaction. Interactants achieve goals by encoding information that is interpreted in the light of current context in transactions with others. This complexity implies also that there are frequent misunderstandings as a sender's intention is not fulfilled. Students in this course will learn to understand the structure of communication processes in a variety of formal and informal contexts. They will learn what constitutes challenges to achieving successful communication and to how to communicate effectively, taking the context and specific requirements for a target audience into consideration. These aspects will be discussed also in the scientific context, as well as business, and special cases, such as legal context – particularly with view to argumentation theory.

Communication is a truly transdisciplinary concept that involves knowledge from diverse fields such as biology, psychology, neuroscience, linguistics, sociology, philosophy, communication and information science. Students will learn what these different disciplines contribute to an understanding of communication and how theories from these fields can be applied in the real world. In the context of scientific communication, there will also be a focus on visual communication of data in different disciplines. Good practice examples will be contrasted with typical errors to facilitate successful communication also with view to the Bachelor's thesis.

Intended Learning Outcomes

Upon completion of this module, students will be able to

- 1. analyze communication processes in formal and informal contexts.
- 2. identify challenges and failures in communication.
- 3. design communications to achieve specified goals to specific target groups.
- 4. understand the principles of argumentation theory.
- 5. use data visualization in scientific communications.

Indicative Literature

- Joseph A. DeVito: The Interpersonal Communication Book (Global edition, 16th edition), 2022
- Steven L. Franconeri, Lace M. Padilla, Priti Shah, Jeffrey M. Zacks, and Jessica Hullman: The Science of Visual Data Communication: What Works Psychological Science in the Public Interest, 22(3), 110– 161, 2022
- Douglas Walton: Argumentation Theory A Very Short Introduction. In: Simari, G., Rahwan, I. (eds) Argumentation in Artificial Intelligence. Springer, Boston, MA, 2009

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Digital submission of asynchronous presentation, including reflection

Duration/Length: Asynchronous/Digital submission

Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module

Module achievement: Asynchronous presentation on a topic relating to the major of the student, including a reflection including concept outlining the rationale for how arguments are selected and presented based on a particular target group for a particular purpose. The presentation shall be multimedial and include the presentation of data

The module achievement ensures sufficient knowledge about key concepts of effective communication including a reflection on the presentation itself

8.2.9 Agency, Leadership, and Accountability

Module Name				Module Code CTNS-NSK-09	Level (type) Year 3	CP 5
					(New Skills)	-
Module Compone	nts					
Number	Name				Туре	СР
CTNS-09	Agency, Leaders	hip, and Accountabi	lity		Lecture (online)	5
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliat	on			Mandatory Status	
Prof. Dr. Jules Coleman	CONST	RUCTOR Track Area	Mandatory for AC Mandatory election other UG study p	CS ve for all rograms		
Entry Requirements				Frequency	Forms of Lear Teaching	rning and
Pre-requisites	Co-requisites	Knowledge, Abilit Skills	ies, or	(Spring)	Online Lectures (Private Study (90	(35h))h)
⊠ none	🖾 none			Duration	Workload	
				Duration	WORKIOAU	
				1 semester	125 hours	
Recommendation	s for Preparation					

Content and Educational Aims

Each of us is judged by the actions we undertake and held to account for the consequences of them. Sometimes we may be lucky and our bad acts don't have harmful effects on others. Other times we may be unlucky and reasonable decisions can lead to unexpected or unforeseen adverse consequences for others. We are therefore held accountable both for choices and for outcomes. In either case, accountability expresses the judgment that we bear responsibility for what we do and what happens as a result. But our responsibility and our accountability in these cases is closely connected to the idea that we have agency.

Agency presumes that we are the source of the choices we make and the actions that result from those choices. For some, this may entail the idea that we have free will. But there is scientific world view that holds that all actions are determined by the causes that explain them, which is the idea that if we knew the causes of your decisions in advance, we would know the decision you would make even before you made it. If that is so, how can your choice be free? And if it is not free, how can you be responsible for it? And if you cannot be responsible, how can we justifiably hold you to account for it?

These questions express the centuries old questions about the relationship between free will and a determinist world view: for some, the conflict between a scientific world view and a moral world view.

But we do not always act as individuals. In society we organize ourselves into groups: e.g. tightly organized social groups, loosely organized market economies, political societies, companies, and more. These groups have structure. Some individuals are given the responsibility of leading the group and of exercising authority. But one can exercise authority over others in a group merely by giving orders and threatening punishment for non-compliance.

Exercising authority is not the same thing as being a leader? For one can lead by example or by encouraging others to exercise personal judgment and authority. What then is the essence of leadership?

The module has several educational goals. The first is for students to understand the difference between actions that we undertake for which we can reasonably held accountable and things that we do but which we are not responsible for. For example, a twitch is an example of the latter, but so too may be a car accident we cause as

a result of a heart attack we had no way of anticipating or controlling. This suggests the importance of control to responsibility. At the heart of personal agency is the idea of control. The second goal is for students to understand what having control means. Some think that the scientific view is that the world is deterministic, and if it is then we cannot have any personal control over what happens, including what we do. Others think that the quantum scientific view entails a degree of indeterminacy and that free will and control are possible, but only in the sense of being unpredictable or random. But then random outcomes are not ones we control either. So, we will devote most attention to trying to understand the relationships between control, causation and predictability.

But we do not only exercise agency in isolation. Sometimes we act as part of groups and organizations. The law often recognizes ways in which groups and organizations can have rights, but is there a way in which we can understand how groups have responsibility for outcomes that they should be accountable for. We need to figure out then whether there is a notion of group agency that does not simply boil down to the sum of individual actions. We will explore the ways in which individual actions lead to collective agency.

Finally we will explore the ways in which occupying a leadership role can make one accountable for the actions of others over which one has authority.

Intended Learning Outcomes

Students acquire transferable and key skills in this module.

By the end of this module, the students will be able to

- 1. understand and reflect how the social and moral world views that rely on agency and responsibility are compatible, if they are, with current scientific world views.
- 2. understand how science is an economic sector, populated by large powerful organizations that set norms and fund research agendas.
- 3. identify the difference between being a leader of others or of a group whether a research group or a lab or a company and being in charge of the group.
- 4. learn to be a leader of others and groups. Understand that when one graduates one will enter not just a field of work but a heavily structured set of institutions and that one's agency and responsibility for what happens, what work gets done, its quality and value, will be affected accordingly.

Indicative Literature

Hull, David L. "Science as a Process." Science as a Process. University of Chicago Press, 2010;

Feinberg, Joel. "Doing & deserving; essays in the theory of responsibility." (1970).

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Written examination

Duration/Length: 120 min Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module

8.2.10 Community Impact Project

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	СР
Community Impact Proj	CTCI-CI-950	Year 3 (New Skills)	5		
Module Components					
Number	Name			Туре	СР
CTCI-950	Community Im	pact Project		Project	5
Module Coordinator	Program Affilia	tion		Mandatory Stat	us
CIP Faculty Coordinator	CONSTRU	CONSTRUCTOR Track Area			tive
Entry Requirements			Frequency	Forms of Lear	rning and
Pre-requisites	Co-requisites	Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills	Annually (Fall / Spring)	Introductor accompany	ry, ying, and
☑ at least 15 CP from CORE modules in the major	⊠ None	Basic knowledge of the main concepts and methodological instruments of the respective disciplines		final even hours Self-organi teamwork practical w community hours	ents: 10 ized and/or vork in the v: 115
			Duration	Workload	
			1 semester	125 hours	

Recommendations for Preparation

Develop or join a community impact project before the 5th or 6th semester based on the introductory events during the 4th semester by using the database of projects, communicating with fellow students and faculty, and finding potential companies, organizations, or communities to target.

Content and Educational Aims

CIPs are self-organized, major-related, and problem-centered applications of students' acquired knowledge and skills. These activities will ideally be connected to their majors so that they will challenge the students' sense of practical relevance and social responsibility within the field of their studies. Projects will tackle real issues in their direct and/or broader social environment. These projects ideally connect the campus community to other communities, companies, or organizations in a mutually beneficial way.

Students are encouraged to create their own projects and find partners (e.g., companies, schools, NGOs), but will get help from the CIP faculty coordinator team and faculty mentors to do so. They can join and collaborate in interdisciplinary groups that attack a given issue from different disciplinary perspectives.

Student activities are self-organized but can draw on the support and guidance of both faculty and the CIP faculty coordinator team.

Intended Learning Outcomes

The Community Impact Project is designed to convey the required personal and social competencies for enabling students to finish their studies at Constructor University as socially conscious and responsible graduates (part of the Constructor University's mission) and to convey social and personal abilities to the students, including a practical awareness of the societal context and relevance of their academic discipline.

By the end of this project, students will be able to

- understand the real-life issues of communities, organizations, and industries and relate them to concepts in their own discipline;
- enhance problem-solving skills and develop critical faculty, create solutions to problems, and communicate these solutions appropriately to their audience;
- apply media and communication skills in diverse and non-peer social contexts;
- develop an awareness of the societal relevance of their own scientific actions and a sense of social responsibility for their social surroundings;

- reflect on their own behavior critically in relation to social expectations and consequences;
- work in a team and deal with diversity, develop cooperation and conflict skills, and strengthen their empathy and tolerance for ambiguity.

Indicative Literature

Not specified

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

• Students who have accomplished their CIP (6th semester) are encouraged to support their fellow students during the development phase of the next year's projects (4th semester).

Examination Type: Module Examination

Project, not numerically graded (pass/fail) Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module

8.3 Language and Humanities Modules

8.3.1 Languages

The descriptions of the language modules are provided in a separate document, the "Language Module Handbook" that can be accessed from the Constructor University's Language & Community Center internet sites (https://constructor.university/student-life/language-community-center/learning-languages).

8.3.2 Humanities

8.3.2.1 Introduction to Philosophical Ethics

Module Name	hilosophical Ethics	Module Code CTHU-HUM- 001	Level (type) Year 1	CP 2.5						
Module Compone	nts									
Number	Name		Туре	СР						
CTHU-001	Introduction to F	hilosophical E	thics		Lecture (online)	2.5				
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliation	on		Mandatory Status						
Dr. Eoin Ryan	CONST	RUCTOR Traci	Mandatory elective							
Entry Requirements				Frequency Annually	Forms of Lea Teaching	rning and				
Pre-requisites	Co-requisites	Knowledge, Skills	Abilities, or	(Fall)	Online lectures (17.5 h) Private Study (45h)					
⊠ none	⊠ none		Duration							
-				1 semester	62.5 hours					

Content and Educational Aims

The nature of morality – how to lead a life that is good for yourself, and how to be good towards others – has been a central debate in philosophy since the time of Socrates, and it is a topic that continues to be vigorously discussed. This course will introduce students to some of the key aspects of philosophical ethics, including leading normative theories of ethics (e.g. consequentialism or utilitarianism, deontology, virtue ethics, natural law ethics, egoism) as well as some important questions from metaethics (are useful and generalizable ethical claims even possible; what do ethical speech and ethical judgements actually do or explain) and moral psychology (how do abstract ethical principles do when realized by human psychologies). The course will describe ideas that are key factors in ethics (free will, happiness, responsibility, good, evil, religion, rights) and indicate various routes to progress in understanding ethics, as well as some of their difficulties.

Intended Learning Outcomes

Upon completion of this module, students will be able to

- 1. describe normative ethical theories such as consequentialism, deontology and virtue ethics.
- 2. discuss some metaethical concerns.
- 3. analyze ethical language.
- 4. highlight complexities and contradictions in typical ethical commitments.
- 5. indicate common parameters for ethical discussions at individual and social levels.
- 6. analyze notions such as objectivity, subjectivity, universality, pluralism, value.

Indicative Literature

Simon Blackburn, Being Good (2009)

Russ Shafer-Landay, A Concise Introduction to Ethics (2019)

Mark van Roojen, Metaethicas: A Contemporary Introduction (2015)

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Written Examination

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module.

Duration/Length: 60 min Weight: 100%

8.3.2.2 Introduction to the Philosophy of Science

		1		1							
Module Name		Module Code	CP								
Introduction to the	e Philosophy of Science	002									
Module Components											
Number	Name		Туре	СР							
CTHU-002	Introduction to the Philosophy of Science	Lecture (online)	2.5								
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliation		Mandatory Status	5							
Dr. Eoin Ryan	CONSTRUCTOR Track Area		Mandatory elective								
Entry	I	Frequency	Forms of Lea	rning and							
Requirements		Appually	Teaching								
Pre-requisites	Co-requisites Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills	(Spring)	Online lectures (Private Study (45	17.5h) 5h)							
⊠ none	⊠ none	Duration	Workload								
		1 comoctor	62 E houro								
		I Sernester	02.5 10015								
Recommendation	s for Preparation										
Content and Educ	ational Aims										
This humanities module will introduce students to some of the central ideas in philosophy of science. Topics wi include distinguishing science from pseudo-science, types of inference and the problem of induction, the pro and cons of realism and anti-realism, the role of explanation, the nature of scientific change, the difference between natural and social sciences, scientism and the values of science, as well as some examples from philosophy of the special sciences (e.g., physics, biology). The course aims to give students an understanding of how science produces knowledge, and some of the variou contexts and issues which mean this process is never entirely transparent, neutral, or unproblematic. Student will gain a critical understanding of science as a human practice and technology; this will enable them both t better understand the importance and success of science, but also how to properly critique science whe appropriate.											
Intended Learning	g Outcomes										
Upon completion	of this module, students will be able to										
 understand key ideas from the philosophy of science. discuss different types of inference and rational processes. describe differences between how the natural sciences, social sciences and humanities discover knowledge. identify ways in which science can be more and less value-laden. illustrate some important conceptual leaps in the history of science. 											
Indicative Literatu	ure										
Peter Godfrey-Sm	ith, Theory and Reality (2021)										
James Ladyman,	Understanding Philosophy of Science (2002)										
Paul Song, Philos	ophy of Science: Perspectives from Scientists	(2022)									
Usability and Rela	ationship to other Modules										
Examination Type	: Module Component Examination										

Assessment Type: Written Examination

Duration/Length: 60 min Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module.

8.3.2.3 Introduction to Visual Cultur	е
---------------------------------------	---

Module Name		Module Code	Level (type) CP							
Introduction to Vis	ual Culture	CTHU-HUM-003	Year 1	2.5						
Module Componen	ts									
Number	Name			Туре	СР					
CTHU-003	Introduction to Visual	Culture		Lecture (online)	2.5					
Module	Program Affiliation			Mandatory Status	1					
Coordinator				N	_					
Dr. Irina Chiaburu	CONSTRUCT		Mandatory elective	e						
Entry	•	Frequency	Forms of Learning	; and						
Requirements			Appually	Teaching						
Pre-requisites	Co-requisites Kno Skil	owledge, Abilities, or IIs	(Spring/Fall)	Online Lecture						
⊠ none	⊠ none		Duration	Workload						
			1 semester	62.5 h						
Recommendations	for Preparation									
speak. Images have history are images organize the world, express feelings, to on us, seducing us interpretations, i.e. The purpose of th structure human e informal and perso historical contexts visual to the intelle whether one can s most importantly, p	e been with us since th found on cave walls ac to represent the world b better understand, to s into believing in thei , a particular version of is course is to explore xperiences and practic affect how we see, as ctual activity, from ear peak of visual culture bonder the relationship	e earliest days of the hu cross the world. We use i l, to capture specific more provide evidence and r r 'innocence', that is into of the world. e multiple ways in whic ces from more specialize es, such as self-fashioni well as what is visible an ly genres of scientific dra of protest, look at the re between the visual and	man history. In fac mages to capture a ments, to trace tim more. At the same to forgetting that a h images and the ed discourses, e.g. ing in cyberspace. d what is not. We awing to visualization elationship betwee the real.	t, the earliest reconsistent ideas, to clubstract ideas, to clubstract ideas, to clubstract ideas, to clubstract ideas, to the time, images exerts representations for several several in general several in general several field and subject the certain of big data. We not a looking and subject to the several severa several sev	rds of humar atalogue and ell stories, to t their power they are also mediate and rses, to more w social and trality of the will examine jectivity and					
Intended Learning	Outcomes	s will be able to								
1 understand	a range of key concer	ots pertaining to visual o	ulture art theory a	and cultural analysi	is					
2. understand discourses	the role visuality pla	ys in development and	maintenance of po	plitical, social, and	intellectual					
3. think critic	ally about images and	their contexts								
4. reflect crit	ically on the connectio	n between seeing and k	nowing							
L										

Indicative Literature Berger, J., Blomberg, S., Fox, C., Dibb, M., & Hollis, R. (1973). Ways of seeing. Foucault, M. (2002). The order of things: an archaeology of the human sciences (Ser. Routledge classics). Routledge. Hunt, L. (2004). Politics, culture, and class in the French revolution: twentieth anniversary edition, with a new preface (Ser. Studies on the history of society and culture, 1). University of California Press. Miller, V. (2020). Understanding digital culture (Second). SAGE. Thomas, N. (1994). Colonialism's culture: anthropology, travel and government. Polity Press. Usability and Relationship to other Modules

Assessment: Written examination

Duration/Length: 60 min. Weight: 100%

Scope: all intended learning outcomes

9 Appendix

9.1 Intended Learning Outcomes Assessment-Matrix

International Business Administration RA					_				_			_			_			_			_		_					
International Business Administration BA																										i l		
																										1		
												۲,			suo		ent									1		
												20			Ť		Ē				SC					1	<u>e</u>	
												8			S		ag				tior					1	odr	
							5	e e				5	ces		ive .		Jai				iza					i	Σ	
							ser	Ę			ť	ati	ŝ		eat		se			20	gar			i∥s		1	ties	
							Isir	5			ne	E	-Se	5	5		, and the second			Ë.	b			š		i	ani	
							B	Aci		4	Bel	ufo	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	atio	pue		sot			ě,	Ę.			eer		i	Ę	
							Dua	P		Jen	ană	P	SSS	õ	es		Re			Aa	č			- E		i	エ	
							atio	e a		gen	2	Jar	sine	Ē	Bua		nan		50	.=	ş	n	ß	P		1	anc	
							L L	anc		na,	ŝ	tio	Bu	pue	alle		- E		ţ,	S	P	Ĕ	ž	o ai		1	88	
					~	n	臣	E		Ma	rati	na	ц,	ġ	5		÷	ent	no	g	car	ê	na.	Ē		i	gua	
					ji ji	ä	5	5	Ë	sc	ISt	lo l	ing.	rsh	-ia		an	E.	ŝ	Z	in a	B	a	Sta	sis	i	an	
					Jo L	° c	ы	Б.	오	ē	na	sue	i.	leu	leu	00	E	age	- a	ora	F	5	Dat	~	Ť	ds l	L L	kilis
					000	ecc	f	Ę	e C	4 p	atic	Tr ₆	f	rer	rer	Ę,	izat	Jan	geri	đ	ging	nati	ia.	shig	5	the last	Ű,	۸S
					õ	5	р	Po	Ê	je.	L L	ita	<u> </u>	rep	del	ž	an	2	îe u	itei	leu	E.	and	Ľ.	he	l ₽	Ge	Ne.
					ž	Ба	털	- E	- Ē	Api	1	<u>Di</u>	Dei	Ent	E	Ma	ĕ	Lea	Ma	ē	Ma	- P	Ë	臣	Bac	15	5	5
Semester					1	2	1	2	1/2	3	4	3	3	4	3	3	4	5-6	5-6	5-6	5-6	6	5	4-5	6	1-4	1-2	3-6
Mandatory/ Mandatory elective					m	m	m	m	me	me	me	me	me	me	me	me	me	me	me	me	me	me	me	m	m	m	m	m
ECTS Credits					7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	15	7.5	7.5	5.0	2.5	7.5	2.5	7.5	7.5	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	15.0	15.0	20.0	5.0	20.0
	C	ompe	tencies	*					_					-														
Program Learning Outcomes	A	E	Р	s																						1		
critically discuss and apply modern theories of business and	~	-		5																						(
economics	х	х			х	х	х	х		х	х	х	х	х		х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	i		
evolution the organizational hohavior of Multinational																												
Enterprices (MNE) Small and Modium Sized Enterprices																										(L		
(CME) and other organizations in various sultured and	х	x		х			x				х	x		x		x	х			x	x	x	x	x	х	(
(SWE) and other organizations in various cultural and																										(L		
economic environments																												
uiscuss now the political, economic, social, and																										(
tecnnological environments affect business functions in a	х	×		х	x	x	x				х	x	x	x		x	x			х	х	x				(
globalized world																												
applying principles of international strategy to evaluate and	×	×					x				×	x	x									×				1		
solve challenges of transnational business activities;																										<u> </u>		
applying principles of marketing, organization and human																										1		
resource management to evaluate and solve challenges of	х	х		х			x					x	x	х		х				х						i		
cross-cultural stakeholders insight and outside a company																												
utilize principles of finance and accounting to describe and	~							~						~					~				~			i		
evaluate the financial performance of companies	^	^						^						^					^				^			1		
advance creative solutions to real international business																										i		
situations using management knowledge and creative	х	x	х				х					х	х	х		х						х	х			×		
techniques such as design thinking																										(
defend these solutions in discussions with specialists and																												
non-specialists	x	×	x	x	×	x	×	×		x	x	x	×	x		×	×	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	×	×	×
utilize entrepreneurial thinking in a variety of situations																												
such as the development of business models and StartUps		×	x	x								x	×	x		×				x			x	x		i		
consider the social responsibility and ethical behavior of																												
individuals, organizations and governments;		×	x	x		x	×			x	x	×	×	x		x	×			x	x	x				i		×
Use academic research methods to investigate business																										i		
problems and draw scientifically-founded conclusions that	х	X	X	х						х	х	x		х		х	x			х	х	х	x			i		
consider social, professional, scientific and ethical insights																										1		
use advanced statistical software and methods in research																												
and business	х	x									х					х			х			х	х			1		
apply social and intercultural competences needed to take																												
on responsibility in diverse international teams with			~	~			~			~		~	~	~			~	~		~	~	~	~	~		i	~	~
competing and overlapping interests		^					^		^			^	^	^		^	*			*				*		1		^
structure and communicate complex incurs	~			~								~					~				~							
communicate professionally with respect to the content	x		X																	*	*		*	X		<u>^</u>		
communicate professionally with respect to the content	х	x	х	х			х			х	х	x	х	х		х	х			х	x	х	х	х	х	i		
and audience																												
engage ethically with academic, professional and wider																										i		
communities and to actively contribute to a sustainable	x	×	x	x					x			x	x	x		x	x			x	x	x	x	x	x	1		x
future, reflecting and respecting different views																												
take responsibility for their own learning, personal and																										1		
professional development and role in society, evaluating			x	x						х		x	x	х			x				x	х	x	x	х	×		×
critical feedback and self-analysis																												
apply knowledge and understanding to a professional	x	x	x				x	x	x	x	x	x	x	х		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	х	i		
context																										<u> </u>		
adhere to and defend ethical, scientific and professional	×	×	x	x	x	x	x	×	x	×	×	x	x	x		×	x	x	×	×	x	×	x	x	×	l x	×	x
standards																										<u> </u>		
reflect on interdisciplinary questions by comparing	v	×	v	×			×		×			v	×			×						×		x		1		×
approaches from various disciplines	^	^	^	^			^		^			^	^			^						^		^		<u> </u>		^
Assessment Type																										i		
Oral examination																											х	
Written examination					х	х	х	х																		х	х	х
Essay																											х	
Project assessment												x	х													х		х
Project report																										1		
Term paper											х								х	х		х	х	х				
Laboratory report																х												
Poster presentation																								х				
Presentation										х				х	x	х	х	x			x				х			х
Thesis																									х			
Module achievements							x																				x	x
			i																				_					_
*Competencies: A-scientific/academic proficiency; E-compet	ence	for qu	alified	empl	oymen	t; P-de	velopm	nent o	f pers	onality	; S-con	npeten	ce for e	engage	ment ir	n societ	ty											

Figure 2: Intended Learning Outcomes Assessment-Matrix